**Bombay Gazette,**
ELECTRIC PRINTING WORKS,
No. 2, Green Street, Fort, Bombay.

Newspaper, Book, Job and Fancy Printing of every description executed in the best style. Estimates forwarded on application.

# THE Bombay Gazette.

No. 55,092—New Series. BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, JULY 22. 1910. PRICE: ONE ANNA.

NESTLÉ'S CONDENSED MILK
Richest in Cream
UNTOUCHED BY HAND.

## SHIPPING.

### PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

| Date of Sailing. 2-30 P.M. | Steamer. | Tons. | Connecting at Aden with | Tons. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 22nd July | SALSETTE | 6000 | MACEDONIA. | 10512 |
| 30th " | CALEDONIA | 7538 | | |
| 6th August | SALSETTE | 6000 | MOLDAVIA | 9600 |
| 13th " | EGYPT | 7912 | | |
| 20th " | SALSETTE | 6000 | MONGOLIA | 9505 |
| 27th " | HIMALAYA | 6898 | | |
| 3rd Sept. | SALSETTE | 6000 | MARMORA | 10569 |
| 10th " | OCEANA | 6610 | | |
| 17th " | SALSETTE | 6000 | MOREA | 10890 |
| 24th " | PERSIA | 7931 | | |
| 1st Oct. | SALSETTE | 6000 | MOOLTAN | 9631 |
| 8th " | ARABIA | 7903 | | |
| 14th " | SALSETTE | 6000 | CHINA | 7912 |
| 22nd " | EGYPT | 7912 | | |
| 29th " | MANTUA | 10685 | | |
| 5th Nov. | HIMALAYA | 6898 | | |
| 12th " | SALSETTE | 6000 | MALWA | 10583 |
| 19th " | MARMORA | 10609 | | |
| 26th " | SALSETTE | 6000 | MACEDONIA | 10512 |

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi transhipto a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the CARNAC BUNDER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON, the day previous to sailing and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 a.m., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with port of destination.

Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place at 1 P. M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's Tenders. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

### TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly, usually on WEDNESDAY, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information apply to

A. H. FROOM,
Acting Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Co.

### DEUTSCHE OST AFRIKA LINIE.

(GERMAN EAST AFRIKA LINE)

Regular Fortnightly service from BOMBAY to DURBAN via ZANZIBAR.

THE following steamers will SAIL:—

| Steamer. | Tons. | Capt. | To Sail about 1910. |
|---|---|---|---|
| a Kaiser | 3,000 | Ulrich | 2nd Aug. |
| b Markgraf | 3,680 | Timm | 20th " |
| a Somali | 2,700 | Greiwe | 30th " |

Taking passengers and cargo for LAMOO, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, GERMAN and PORTUGUESE COAST PORTS and DURBAN.

a Will carry also cargo and passengers for Cape Ports.

b Will call at Seychelles.

For Rates and Particulars apply to—

A. STRANDES & Co.,
Agents.

24, Medow Street, Bombay, 13th July, 1910.

### ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged:—

HOMEWARD SEASON.

| Steamer. | Tonnage. | Captain. | Leaves Bombay. |
|---|---|---|---|
| SCINDIA | 5106 | Wm. Kelso | 29th July 1910 |
| CASTALIA | 6386 | J. Hamilton | 11th August " |
| ELYSIA | 6368 | G. Mitchell | 25th " |
| MARSILIA | 5091 | J. Thomson | 16th Sept. " |
| OLYMPIA | 5124 | A. Tait | 30th " |
| ORCASSIA | 5716 | C. F. Osborne | 15th Oct. " |
| SCINDIA | 5106 | Wm. Kelso | 25th " |
| CASTALIA | 6386 | J. Hamilton | 13th Nov. " |
| ELYSIA | 6368 | G. Mitchell | 26th " " |

Schedule of the revised rates of fares from Bombay Homeward ports by the Anchor Line steamers:—

| | Rs. |
|---|---|
| Bombay to Suez | 413 |
| Bombay to Portsaid | 446 |
| Bombay to Marseilles | 578 |
| Bombay to Liverpool | 605 |
| Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles | 653 |
| Bombay to New York | 808 |
| Bombay to Suez and back | 627 |
| Bombay to Portsaid and back | 677 |
| Bombay to Liverpool and back | 990 |
| Bombay to London via Marseilles and back from Liverpool | 1,038 |
| Bombay to New York and back | 1,340 |

Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez, Rs. 446.

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents, Bombay.

### BOMBAY AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO for NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, or BALTIMORE.

For further particulars regarding freight, etc., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
TURNER, MORRISON & Co.,
Agents.

## SHIPPING.

### BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Ld.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI (Direct.)

T. S. "LINGA," 2,171 tons on Friday, 22nd July, at 6 a. m. or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSHEH (Weekly).

S. S. "KASARA," 1,195 tons, on Thursday, 28th July calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Jiushire, Mahomera, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "MADURA," 1,956 tons, on Monday, 25th July, calling at Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Busaire, and Koweit.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA. (Fortnightly.)

A STEAMER sailing on or about the 30th July.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, Bombay.

21st July, 1910.

### GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

| | |
|---|---|
| PASSAGES | Booked without charge. |
| BERTHS | Carefully Selected. |
| STEAMER PLANS | Sent for Inspection. |
| HANDBOOK | Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis. |
| BAGGAGE | Shipped and Insured. |
| PASSENGERS | Met on arrival. |
| CALCUTTA: | GRINDLAY & Co. |
| LONDON: | GRINDLAY & Co. |

### COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

| Vessels | Tons. | Captains. | To Sail on THURSDAY |
|---|---|---|---|
| DUMBEA | 5,685 | Rebufat | 4th Aug. 1910. |
| SYDNEY | 4,118 | Costa | 1st Sept. " |
| SALAZIE | 4,147 | Riquier | 29th Sept. " |
| NERA | 5,538 | Martin | 27th Oct. " |
| CALEDONIEN | 4,130 | Lafont | 24th Nov. " |
| ARMAND BEHIC | 6,385 | X | 22nd Dec. " |
| VILLE de la CIOTAT | 6,373 | Barlion | 19th Jan. 1911. |

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigations General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

| Vessels. | Tons. | Captains. | To Sail on or about |
|---|---|---|---|
| NERA | 5,538 | Martin | 12th Aug 1910. |
| CALEDONIEN | 4,130 | Lafont | 9th Sept " |

For further particulars apply to—

G. CHANDIZE,
Albert Building, Hornby Road. Agent.

### SOCIETA NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct.

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE (Transhipping at PORT SAID).

| Vessels. | Tons. | Captains. | To sail on |
|---|---|---|---|
| Siracusa | 3,500 | Giuliano | 15th Aug. 1910 |
| Dco Baldaino | 4,580 | G. Ronchi | 15th Sept. " |
| R. Rubattino | 4,580 | L. Mancini | 15th Oct. " |

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND FANS.

| | 1st Class | 2nd Class | 3rd Class |
|---|---|---|---|
| Single Tickets | Rs. 500 | Rs. 350 | Rs. 165 |
| Return Tickets available two years | Rs. 750* | Rs. 525 | Rs. 247-8 |

*Inside Cabins, Rs. 400 Single and Rs. 600 Return.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples, or Genoa with the Company's Weekly service. 1st Class, Rs. 728; 2nd Class, Rs. 525. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their Journey at any port en route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS

are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

| Vessels. | Tons. | Captains. | To sail on |
|---|---|---|---|
| Capri | 6,000 | D. Moresco | 16th Aug. 1910 |
| Ischia | 6,000 | G. Belsito | 16th Sept. " |
| Capri | 6,000 | D. Moresco | 16th Oct. " |

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 140 to.....to SINGAPORE Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean, Black Sea, and American Ports issued.

Subject to alterations.

For further particulars apply to—

G. DEGROSSI,
Agent,

No. 59 Hornby Road.

### NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO ENGLAND (WEYMOUTH) VIA SUEZ AND PORT SAID.

THESE STEAMERS afford comfortable accommodation in two, three and four Berth Cabins amidships for First Class Passengers only.

Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess.

s.s. Umsinga...4,500 Tons, Sailing about 23rd July 1910

Fare.—Rs. 375.

For further particulars, apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay.

## BANKS.

### CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL.....£1,200,000
RESERVE FUND.....£1,600,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS.....£1,200 000

HEAD OFFICE

3, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN, LONDON, E. C

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Hamburg | Ipoh (Perak). F. M. S | Manilla |
| Bombay | Medan Deli (Sumatra) | Cebu |
| Calcutta | Singapore | Hongkong |
| Madras | Kwala Lumpor (F. M. S.) | Foochow |
| Rangoon | Klang (F. M. States.) | Shanghai |
| Colombo | Seremban (F. M. States) | Tientsin |
| Karachi | Bangkok | Hankow |
| Amritsar | Batavia | Yokohama |
| Penang | Sourabaya | Kobe |
| Thaiping (Perak F. M. S.) | Saigon | New York |

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Re. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter period at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS 10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—11-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.
POST BOX No. 34,

J. S. BRUCE,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Acting Agent.

### ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.

CAPITAL (Paid up).....Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper).....Rs. 27,50,000

HEAD OFFICE: SIMLA.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS:

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of Every Description, transacted RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

W. A. M. LATTEY,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

### THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.

Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.

HEAD OFFICE:

ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ...Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP ... " 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND ... " 1,75,000

DIRECTORS:

The Hon'ble SIR SASSOON DAVID Kt., Chairman (Messrs. Sassoon J. David and Co., Bombay.)

SIR COWASJEE JEHANGIR, Bart., (Messrs. J. Cowasjee Jehangir and Co.)

THE HON'BLE MR. H. R. GREAVES, (of Messrs. Greaves, Cotton & Co.)

RATANJI DADABHOY TATA, Esq. (of Messrs Tata Sons & Co.)

GORDHANDAS KHATTAU, Esq. (Messrs. Khattau Makanjee and Co., Bombay).

The Hon'ble Mr. LALUBHAI SAMALDAS (Bhownagar.)

KHETSEY KHAISEY, Esq., (Messrs. Heerjee Khaisey and Co., Bombay.)

RAMNARAIN HURNUNDRAI, Esq., (of the firm of Hurnundrai Ramnarain, Bombay.)

The Hon'ble Mr. IBRAHIM RAHIMTOOLA, C. I. E.

B. BARLOW, Esq. (of Messrs. Symons Barlow & Lang.)

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

J. A. STEWART,
Acting Manager.

### HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital.....$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors.....$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund.....$ 15,500,000
Gold Reserve Fund.....£ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| AMOY | JOHORE (Malay Peninsula.) | PENANG |
| BANGKOK | KOBE | RANGOON |
| BATAVIA | KUALA LUMPUR (Federated Malay States.) | SAIGON |
| BOMBAY | LONDON | SAN FRANCISCO |
| CALCUTTA | LYONS | SHANGHAI |
| CANTON | MALACCA. | SINGAPORE |
| COLOMBO | MANILA | SOURABAYA |
| POOCHOW | NAGASAKI | TIENTSIN |
| HAMBURG | NEW YORK | YOKOHAMA |
| HANKOW | PEKING | YLOILO |
| HONGKONG | | |
| IPOH (Federated Malay States.) | | |

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every discription of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.

CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

## 10 H. P. NOISELESS NAPIER

Chasis Price £ 233 with tyres or Rupees 3,495.

"I think this fairly constitutes a record."

LAUNCESTON,
23RD MAY, 1910.

MESSRS. S. F. EDGE, Ltd.,
14, New Buclington Street, W.

GENTLEMEN,—I arrived in Launceston with my 10 H.P. Napier all safe, my average being 22 miles an hour. I had never previously driven a car of any kind, nor had I ever taken any lessons previous to starting. I THINK THIS FAIRLY CONSTITUTES A RECORD, and goes to show how easy your cars are to manage, and when they leave your works, HOW PERFECT IN ADJUSTMENT THEY MUST BE. London to Launceston is over 200 miles, with only 2 Stops at Salisbury and Hointon to take in petrol.

Yours faithfully,
(Signed) S. P. WENMOTH.

THREE YEARS' GUARANTEE.

Models from 10 H. P. to 90 H. P. Prices from £ 233 to £ 1712 with tyres.

We charge London Prices, plus importing charges to India.

SOLE AGENTS:

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,
BOMBAY & POONA.

## B. O. C.

| | |
|---|---|
| KEROSINE OILS. | PETROL. |
| LUBRICATING OILS. | GREASES. |
| GAS OILS. | CANDLES. |
| FUEL OIL. | WAX. |

Apply for samples and quotations to:—

SHAW, WALLACE & CO., BOMBAY.

*Agents,* BURMAH OIL CO., LIMITED.

### MALARIA, INFLUENZA, AND MILD FORMS OF PLAGUE,

Use BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or PILLS. Rs. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S CHOLERAL
Is the only remedy for CHOLERA. Re. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S HARETONE
Has been recently improved a great deal and restores Grey Hair to its Natural Colour. Rs. 3.

BATLIWALLA'S TONIC PILLS
Cure Nervous Exhaustion and Constitutional Weakness. Rs. 1-8.

BATLIWALLA'S TOOTH POWDER
scientifically made of Native and English Drugs, such as Mayaphal and Carbolic Acid B. P. As. 4.

BATLIWALLA'S RINGWORM OINTMENT
Cures in a day. As. 4 per pot.

SOLD EVERYWHERE and ALSO BY

DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA,
WARLI LABORATORY, DADAR, BOMBAY.

NOW READY PRICE Rs. 3.

THE Bombay Gazette

## EXCHANGE TABLES.

(REVISED AND ENLARGED.)

STERLING INTO RUPEES.
RUPEES INTO STERLING.

ADVANCING BY 32NDS
FROM
1s. 3 3/4d. to 1s. 4 23/32d.
ALSO
Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal Values—Due Dates.

*SECOND EDITION.*

"THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE,
2, GREEN STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

1909.

## Standard Oil Company of New York,

MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

Largest Importers of and Dealers in:—

Kerosine and Lubricating Oils
Pratt's Motor Spirit.
Pratt's Genuine Spirit or Turpentine
Grease.
Paraffine Wax, &c., &c.

Kerosine Oil Brands:—

Snowflake 150° in cases.
Chester 125° " "
Monkey 125° " "
Elephant in tins and bulk

J. B. ORR'S "ZINGESSOL" PERFECTED WASHABLE WATER PAINT, Manufactured by JOHN B. ORR, F.C.S., is unrivalled as an artistic and permanent decoration.

Specially appointed by the Viceroy of India for the designs and decorating Government House 1890, also the High Commissioner H. E. Viscount Milner 1903, S. Africa.

WM CHS. SMITH,
FROM LONDON.

PAINTER & HOUSE DECORATOR,
Importer of the Best English oils and colour, &c.
Sole Agent in India, for J. B. Orr, F.C.S.

ZINGESSOL ORR'S ZINC WHITE
AND PURE OXIDE OF ZINC
Colour Washing of Walls with ORR'S ZINGESSOL, THE PERFECTED WASHABLE WATER PAINT.

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OFFICE: 17-19, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay,
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ESTIMATES GIVEN.

"ZINGESSOL," is admirably adapted for the interior or exterior decoration of either Private Residences, Hospitals, Churches, or other Public Buildings.

## PEARSE & CO.'S

CELEBRATED

KILN DRIED FLOUR
in 7lb. tin.

DOG AND SHIP BISCUITS
VERY SUPERIOR.

PEARSE & CO.,
By Appointment to H. E. The GOVERNOR
ESTABLISHED 1372.

CHOICE
ENGLISH & ITALIAN
PASTRY.

## VETARZO BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD.

Agents for India—TEACHER AND CO., LTD. BOMBAY, KARACHI, and POONA.

This remarkable compound, the result of the latest developments and achievements of modern chemistry, pharmacology, and therapeutics, is without equal in all cases of defective nerve power, whether induced by worry, over-work, unhealthy climate, dissipation; excess, youthful imprudence, or other influences incidental to the wear and tear and haste or overstrain of modern life. Sleeplessness, tremblings, palpitation, nervous dyspepsia, low spirits, mental and bodily prostration, muscular and local weakness, general and nervous debility, faulty nutrition, premature decay or deficiency of the vital forces, impaired vitality, harassing dreams, night disturbances, sudden startings, dimness of sight, defective hearing, loss of memory, inability to perform the various duties of life, or to enjoy its pleasures, restlessness that can settle to nothing, irritability of temper, female complaints, hysteria, painful periods, backache, bearing down sensations, nervous headache, wasting disease, night sweats, and all other phases of brain and nerve exhaustion, are successfully combated by this highly scientific preparation. Bracing up the system generally, it gives tone to the exhausted nerves, arrests all weakening wasting discharges, involuntary losses, &c.; restores the failing energies, and imparts new life and vigour to what had so recently seemed worn out, "used up," and valueless.

## VETARZO BLOOD MEDICINE.

Never before was there anything like it, nor can its marvellous properties ever be equalled in all cases of poorness, impurity, or other imperfection of the blood from whatever cause arising. No sooner is it imbibed into the system than it permeates and penetrates to the minutest capillaries, overcoming and expelling the virus of disease, wheresoever and in whatsoever form met with: removing all blotches, pimples, scurf, scurvy, scrofulous and glandular swellings, discolorations, roughness and unsightly patches, &c. Its effects are almost magical in the treatment of gout, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, pains and swellings of the joints, discharges, secondary symptoms, eczema, lepra, psoriasis, bad legs, bad breasts, abscesses, ulcers, sores, goitre or Derbyshire neck, it improves the general health, and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma, and hacking, straining, spasmodic cough, too often the precursor of consumption.

CAUTION.—Ask for "VETARZO Brain and Nerve Food," or "VETARZO Blood Medicine," whichever is required, and see that you get them, as unprincipled vendors often try to palm off inferior preparations (usually their own manufacture), for the sake of extra profit. Price in England, 2/9. Every genuine bottle of these medicines bears the British Government Stamp with the words "VETARZO REMEDIES" impressed thereon, on white letters on a red ground, by direction of His Majesty's Hon. Commissioners. Registered Trade Mark "VETARZO." Legal proceedings will be taken against persons pirating.

COMMON SENSE IN A NUTSHELL.—A new medical work on the causes and most scientific and effectual means of self-cure ever discovered for nervous exhaustion, depression of spirits, want of zest and energy, &c., with practical observations on marriage and full directions for removing certain disqualifications that destroy the happiness of wedded life. It also treats on urinary derangements, secondary symptoms, stricture, &c., and no sufferer should fail to procure a copy. Post free in plain envelope on receipt of Postal Order Sixpence, from THE VETARZO REMEDIES CO., Gospel Oak, London, or of Agents for above medicines. Price 10 annas Post Free.

## PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

### NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the Office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per Austrian Lloyd's s. s. "MARQ BACQUEHEM," from TRIESTE and INTERMEDIATE PORTS are hereby informed of the vessel's arrival and REQUESTED to take IMMEDIATE DELIVERY of their GOODS landed at the VICTORIA DOCK, No. 4 Berth.

The Company's Surveyor, Captain METCALFE, will attend every morning to survey damages, and all claims in this respect must be adjusted within seven days from date of discharge of the respective cargo, otherwise they will not be entertained.

No Surveys can be allowed after the seven days, or on Goods removed from the Landing Shed.

APPLICATIONS for Survey must reach the Undersigned in time, so that the SURVEY can take place at latest on the morning of the Seventh Day.

W. DENSO,
Agent, Austrian Lloyd's S. N. Co.

YOUNG GENTLEMAN, desiring CHANGE of RESIDENCE, would be pleased to hear from any one wishing to start a chummery. Box No. 1162 Care of this Paper.

### BOMBAY IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

NOTICE.

SANDHURST ROAD ESTATE.

SCHEME III.

THE BOARD are now prepared to receive offers for PLOTS for BUILDING LEASES, Near Null Bazar, Sandhurst Road, Scheme III, for a period of 999 years.

Terms and Conditions to be obtained on application at the Trust Offices, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

By Order,
R. J. KENT, A. M. Inst. C. E.,
Trust Engineer.

### PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

TENDERS are invited by noon, on SATURDAY, the 30th July, 1910, for INSTALLING ELECTRIC LIGHT, in the following Buildings :—

(1) D. M. PETIT HOSPITAL,
(2) Principal's Quarters, J. J. School of Art, Bombay.

Full particulars may be obtained on application at the office of the undersigned.

The Chief Engineer, Public Works Department, reserves the right to reject all or any Tender and no reason will be given for the acceptance or the rejection of all or any Tender.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEER,
Public Works Department.

Dated Bombay, the 21st July, 1910.

### MUNICIPALITY OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, up to 1 P. M. (Bombay Time), on TUESDAY, the 6th day of September, 1910, for the SUPPLY of STONEWARE PIPES, and fittings.

2. Form of contract, specification, etc., may be obtained free of charge from the Undersigned, who will on application, give any further information that may be required.

3. Tenders must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 250 to be paid to the Chief Accountant in cash, or public securities, and to be forfeited in case of withdrawal of Tender, or of refusal to sign the Contract.

4. A further payment to make the total deposit equivalent to 10 per cent. on the Contract amount will have to be made by the Contractor whose Tender may be accepted.

5. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner,
J. LACEY,
Storekeeper, Municipality.

Storekeeper's Office,
Chinchpokli, 20th July, 1910.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.

They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the same of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :—
Nickel, Rs. 3-8. Gold, Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

JARRAH WOOD

WESTRALIAN JARRAH, STEAM, SAWN SCANTLINGS, suitable for Flooring, Joists, Rafters, Posts, Chowkhats, Office Partitions, Doors, Windows, Polished Furniture, Frame-work, Cotton Bale Ribs. Jarrah is about half the price of Teak. A large assortment of Scantling sizes and lengths always kept in stock at our MAZAGON DEPOT, Victoria Road.

*Price List and Sample Free on Application.*

MILLARS' KARRI & JARRAH CO. (1902) LD.,
YORK BUILDINGS,
Hornby Road,
BOMBAY.

CUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co.,
GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

NEW and Second-hand English-built CARRIAGES for SALE.

CARRIAGES and HORSES let on hire.

CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASS WARE, for sale and on hire.

FURNITURE of the latest design for sale and on hire.

HOUSES FURNISHED with neat Furniture.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.,
BUYING AGENTS. PRODUCE AGENTS.

BUYING DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. having for many years been large Exporters to the East of HARDWARE, METALS, MACHINERY, STORES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE, offer their services to Firms abroad.
CATALOGUES OR QUOTATIONS FURNISHED.
CLOSEST PRICES ASSURED.

PRODUCE DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. undertake the Sale of EASTERN PRODUCE on commission.
GENERAL AGENCY BUSINESS carefully conducted.
Correspondence Invited.

CODES USED—A1, A.B.C., International, Private, &c.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.,
66 FENCHURCH STREET LONDON, E.C.

NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette Ld."

# AMUSEMENTS.

BOMBAY Y. M. C. A.

There will be a

POPULAR CONCERT

At the Central Branch, Wodehouse Road, Fort.

ON SATURDAY (TO-MORROW), JULY 23rd at 9-15 P.M.

ATTRACTIVE PROGRAMME.

ADMISSION, EIGHT ANNAS.

EXCELSIOR
CINEMATOGRAPH.

TO-NIGHT ! TO-NIGHT !!
LAST NIGHT OF
THIS WEEK'S GRAND
ATTRACTIVE
PROGRAMME.

TO-MORROW ! TO-MORROW !!
GRAND CHANGE OF PROGRAMME.

ON SUNDAY, 24th of July, 1910, at 7 P. M.
GRAND PRIZE SHOW.
1 GOLD Watch
2 SILVER Watches
to the lucky numbers,

PRICES & TIME AS USUAL.

## SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 23rd instant, at 3-30 p. m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

AT 2 P. M. (S.T.)

1 second-hand rubber-tyred victoria, in good order.
1 handsome strong rubber-tyred palanquin office shigram, in good order.
1 second-hand glass-fronted miniature office brougham, in good order.
1 grey Arab, quiet in harness.
1 Bay pony, quiet in harness and saddle.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 22nd July, 1910.

## INSURANCES.

THE CHINA MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., LD.

HEAD OFFICE :—SHANGHAI.

A BRITISH Company—Offices in all Eastern Ports.

Collecting Agencies in London and on the Continent.

THAT this well-managed Company has gained the confidence of the insuring public of the East and Far East is evidenced by the marvellous growth during its twelve years of existence, as the statement and comparison here given proof :—

| | 1906 Rs. | 1910 Rs. |
|---|---|---|
| Insurance in force... | 3,68,02,378 | 5,67,83,828 |
| Assets ..... | 52,80,240 | 1,26,22,875 |
| Total Income ..... | 28,83,602 | 53,49,837 |
| INSURANCE FUND ... | 51,43,380 | 1,23,25,218 |

SPECIAL DEPOSITS for Security of POLICY-HOLDERS :— Rs.
With Trustees at Shanghai..... 2,00,000
Trustees, Messrs. H. C. Gulland, J. C. Hanson, & Alex. McLeod.
With Board of Trade, England. 3,00,000

The Company issues all the latest and approved plans of Insurance at the minimum rates consistent with safety.

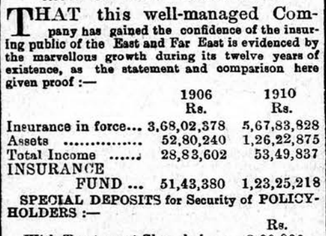
HOLLAND & MOSS, Ld.,
General Managers for Bombay Presidency and C. P.
P. O. Box 102, or Dean Lane, Fort, BOMBAY.

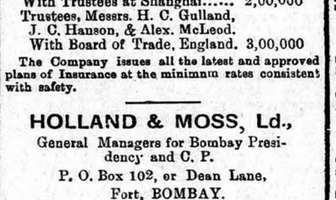
NEW TEAS, NEW TEAS.

TRY THE
MAY BLOSSOM.
THE
MAY BLOSSOM
TEAS
Are the Best in the Market, having been picked and blended by an Expert.

A CHOICE CUP OF TEA
BE PUT OFF WITH NO OTHER.
SOLD EVERYWHERE.

APPLY EARLY TO
CROFT, MODY & Co.,
BOMBAY.
WHOLESALE AGENTS :
RETAIL SUPPLIERS :—Messrs. BRANDON & CO., Victoria Terminus, and Messrs. DENISON & CO. Hummum Street, Fort.




## SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Not exceeding three lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid

YOUR PIANO.—Does it need TUNING or REPAIRING ? We place the services of a thoroughly Competent Workman at your disposal. Our charges are MODERATE, and whatever we do for your Instrument, we guarantee that it will be done as well as it is possible.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., AGENTS for the world-known "Bluthner" Pianos, Bombay and Poona.

ACCESSORIES, SPARES, ETC.—The UNIVERSAL ENGINEERING Co., 14 Hummum Street, Fort, have just received from England a fresh lot of best Motor Accessories, Musical Horns, Spark Tensifiers, etc., and are selling anything and everything for MOTOR CARS, at very LOW PRICES.

RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, near Moos Buildings. Give it a trial and you will never regret your visit. Board and Residence, Rs. 2 and 3 per day. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Splendid Bars, Brand-new Billiard Tables. Dinner, Rs. 1-4-0; Tiffin, Re. 1-0-0; Breakfast, As. 12. Dinner served till late hours.

ROUNDABOUT BOMBAY. By James Douglas. Re. 5. Apply Box No. 408, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.—By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

NEVER FOUND OUT OF ORDER.—"I am glad to inform you that I have used Singer's Oscillating Machine for last 10 years, and during that time never found it out of order," and even now it works as if it were quite new. Mrs. L. ALMEIDA, Girgaum, Bombay.

FOR SALE.—2 Printing Presses, 2 Cutting Machines and Lithographing Machines, all at very low prices, to make room for other machineries. Apply to this Office.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—A Selection of Box Leading Cases. By W. E. H., Re. 1. Apply No. 404 care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

EXCHANGE TABLES.—NEW EDITION, revised and enlarged. Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling. Advancing by 32nds from 1s. 3¼d. to 1s. 4 1/32d. Also includes Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal—Values—Due Dates. Price Rs. 3. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works 2 Green Street Fort.

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey," Bombay to the Bosphorous. Two Volumes. By Grattan Geary. Rs. 10. Apply Box No. 4, 9, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

REPORTS, Petition, Memorial, Business Announcement, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c. printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager, The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET, behind the Bank of Bombay, where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotation given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc

SPECIAL OFFER.—COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," Rs. 2-4 per one thousand, and name and address be printed on the flap, Rs. 3-12 per thousand. Samples on application at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices :—If of a date over one and within 3 months, 8 annas a copy ; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee per copy ; over 12 months old, an additional rupee for each year ; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Rs. 2 must be paid in advance.

"THE EMPIRE."—The file of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" is available to enquirers at the office of "THE EMPIRE," LIMITED, No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of the "Bombay Gazette, Limited, 2 Green Street, Fort, behind the Bank of Bombay.

OVERLAND "SUMMARY AND WEEKLY BUDGET."—Published Weekly (on Saturdays) in time for the English Mail. A complete rechauffe of Indian News particularly interesting to Anglo-Indians, retired or on leave. Subscription, inclusive of postage, One Sovereign or Rs. 15 per annum. Back numbers, if available 8 annas each up to 12 months old ; over 12 months, an additional rupee for every year

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL. FACING THE SEA. FORT, BOMBAY.

● SELF CURE NO FICTION ! ●
NO SUFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR.
THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.
THERAPION No. 1
In a remarkably short time, often a few days only, Cures discharges (either sex) superseding injections
THERAPION No. 2
Cures blood poison, bad legs, ulcers, sores, painful swelled joints, &c. when mercurial treatment fails.
THERAPION No. 3
Cures chronic weakness, lost vigor and vital force. Either Number Therapion & all self treatment directions enclosed, of chemists or post free 3/- from The Le Clerc Medicine Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng. Try New Dragee (Tasteless) Form of Therapion, easy to take, safe, lasting cure. Trade Marked word "THERAPION" is on British Govt. Stamp affixed to every genuine packet.
THERAPION
CURES TO STAY CURED.
SOLD BY TREACHER & Co., BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

J. V. NAVLAKHI & Co.,
Cheapest Dealers in
STATIONERY, DRAWING
AND
PAINTING MATERIALS
For Art Students, Artists, Engineers, etc.
RUBBER STAMP MAKERS,
KALKADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rates for Subscribers are unaltered, viz., Rs. 37-8 per annum credit, or Rs. 30 in advance, post free.

## SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

WEEKLY SALE.

On MONDAY, the 25th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms in Bank Street, Fort, a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece-goods and the following :—

The property of a deceased Parsi gentleman consisting for seconds almira, brass bedstead, tables, chairs teapoys, dressing, writing, camp, and washhand tables, marble-topped chiffoniers large size double door safe, and nearly new foot sewing machine by White.

1. Neola Piano-player.

At 2-30 p.m. (S.T.).

Several gent's bicycles by different makers.
1 Polished rubber-tyred office shigram.
1 Rubber-tyred wheel Victoria.
1 Double-seated glass front brougham.

SALE ON THURSDAY, 28TH JULY.

On THURSDAY, the 28th instant, at 2-30 p. m. (S. T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the Wodehouse Road, Colaba, opposite the Admiralty House and next to the Wellington Mews, the very valuable and artistic design, teakwood and blackwood household furniture by Wimbridge, Robert, Benjamin and others, Treacher's glassware, English porcelain and Dresden China dinner, dessert and breakfast sets, rich platedware by Elkington, Reed and Barton, and Treacher's large size screw telescope dining table in 8 pieces for 18 persons, elegant sideboard, book cases, elaborately carved China cabinet, ice box, Englishmade brass bedstead with horse hair mattress, double door fire proof Chubb's safe with Chubb's lock and key, nearly new cottage piano by Rose and Co., with nearly new pianola, marble topped dressing and wash-hand tables, single and double door almirahs, large electric figure lamp, Jose radio fan, silver tea set, Chubb's cash box, velvet piled carpets, drawingroom suit of sofas and chairs in 10 pieces, Marion rectilinear camera, wine cupboard, old China jars, old carved blackwood chiffoneers and tables, rich Dresden ornaments, Satsuma vases, Carara marble figure, jail made cane sofas and chairs, marble clock, fancy old English figure night clock by Lund and Blockley, pasteur filter, iron and brass bedsteads, field glass gramaphone with about 250 records, baba motor car, wooden garden flower tubs, etc., the property of J.W. Hepworth, Esq., proceeded to England and others.

Catalogues will be published and the property is on view.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 22nd July, 1910.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
21, MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

SALE of valuable immoveable property at Lal Bag, Parel.

Under instructions from Mr. Dadabhoy Nanabhoy Batliwalla, the mortgagee and in pursuance of the power of sale reserved to him by the indenture of mortgage, dated the 13th day of June, 1908 and made between Hydersally Abdul Kayeean of the one part and the said Dadabhoy Nanabhoy Batliwala and Jehangir Nanabhoy Batliwala of the other part and on account and at the risk of Hydersally Abdul Kayeean, the mortgagor, Sorabjee Cawasji, and Co., Auctioneers, will, TO-MORROW, SATURDAY the 23rd day of July, 1910, sell by Public Auction, the undermentioned leasehold property on the premises at 4-30 o'clock (S. T.) in the afternoon.

PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY.

ALL THAT piece of vacant land or ground, containing by admeasurement 800 Square Yards or thereabouts, together with the building standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Parel, outside the Fort of Bombay, in the registration sub-district of Bombay, and assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue along with other land under Old No. 91, and New No. 16581, Old Survey No. 2 and New Survey No. 2516 and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under Ward No. 1009 (1) and Street No. F. and bounded as follows, i. e.,—On or towards the East by the portion of vacant land of the lessor, on or towards the West by land leased to the said Hydesali Abdul Kayeean, on or towards the North by a private passage, and on or towards the South by sweeper's private passage.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to Messrs. Bicknell Marsvanji and Romer, Solicitors for the said Mr. D. N. Batliwalla at their office at 14 K. Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay, or to the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 22nd July, 1910.

J. S. MODY AND COMPANY,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
10, BANK STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF AN IMMOVABLE PROPERTY, at Elphinstone Road.

Under instructions from the mortgagees and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor Zulleikhabai, widow of Osoman Gani, and by virtue of the power of sale reserved to the mortgagee under the indenture of mortgage, dated, 19th day of April, 1902, Messrs. J. S. MODY & Co., Auctioneers, will, on the premises, sell by Public Auction, the property hereunder mentioned, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 22nd day of July, 1910, at 4-30 p.m. (Standard Time).

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of the Foras freehold tenure, situate on or near Elphinstone Road, in the Town and Island of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement formerly two hundred and fifty square yards or thereabouts, but new said to admeasure three hundred and eleven square yards, be the same, a little more or less, and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 50, 52, 65, 78, 197, 16, New Nos. A-12792, 1 B-11985, and New Survey Nos. 2-2685, and bounded as follows :—That is to say, on or towards the north by the said Elphinstone Road, and on or towards the east and west formerly by property of Rocebunji Hormasji Kharas, but now of Hajee Moosa Haji Osoman and Dadabhoy Dhanjibhoy Wodivalla respectively, on or towards the South by Foras Road, together with the messuages, chawls, bungalows and buildings, standing on the said land which said buildings and premises are assessed by the Municipality of Bombay, under Ward No. 2491 (2), Street No. 3 A and are now occupied by the tenants of the mortgagor.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to Messrs. Manchershah and Narmadashanker, the mortgagee's Attorneys, at their office, at No. 15, Military Square Lane, Fort, Bombay, or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY, on DeLisle Road, near Chinchpoogly Railway Station.

HIGH COURT.
O. O. C. J.
Suit No. 651 of 1909.

Ghellabhai Jugjiwandas..... Plaintiff,
Vs.
Nanalal Kuberdas and others..... Defendants

Under instructions from the Receivers appointed by a Decree made in the above suit, dated 14th February, 1910, Messrs. J. S. MODY & Co., will, on SATURDAY, the 30th day of July, 1910, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction, on the premises, the undermentioned landed property, viz :—

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Foras free hold fazandari land with the messuage, tenement, dwelling-house standing thereon, and admeasuring 782 2/3 square yards or thereabouts, registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old No. 725, Collector's New No. 13714, New Survey No. 1/2689, and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay, under Ward G. No. 2254 (1), and Street No. 306, situate at and on the west side of DeLisle Road in the City and Registration Sub District of Bombay, and bounded on or towards the east by the said DeLisle Road, on or towards the south by the Vacant land of Shavaksha Rattonji Dubash, on or towards the west by the fazendari land belonging to Nanalal Kuberdas, and on or towards the north by the proposed road and which piece of land forms part of the piece of land admeasuring 44461 square yards, demised by the Indenture of lease, dated 5th September, 1908.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to Messrs. Jehangir, Gulabbhai and Silimoria, Attorneys for the Receivers, at their office No. 8, in Hummum Street, Fort, or to the undersigned.

J. S. MODY & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 22nd July, 1910.

CLARKE'S B. 41. PILLS.

A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world.

## BANKS.

THE CREDIT BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:
"7, Green Street, Fort, Bombay."

BRANCHES :
Ahmedabad, Bhawnagar, Hyderabad-Sind and Karachi.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL,
Rs. 30,00,000.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 100 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum, and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 2 per half year will be allowed.

SAVINGS BANK.

Interest allowed at 4 per cent. per annum, rules on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed Deposits for 12 months and shorter periods to be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interests thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges particulars of which may be had on application.

JAFFER JOOSAB,
Manager.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.... £ 1,600,000
PAID UP CAPITAL..... £ 800,000
RESERVE FUND..... £ 800,000

HEAD OFFICE :
17, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN LONDON.

BRANCHES :

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Calcutta, | Tuticorin, | Nowera-Eliya, |
| Bombay, | Chittagong, | Aden (Camp.) |
| Madras, | Cochin, | Aden, (Steamer Point) |
| Karachi, | Rangoon, | Zanzibar, |
| Lahore | Mandalay, | Mombasa, |
| Amritsar, | Colombo, | Nairobi, |
| Delhi, | Kandy | Entebbe, |
| Cawnpore | | |

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realizing interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141, BOMBAY. J. BLACK, Ag. Manager.

THE BOMBAY MERCHANTS' BANK, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:
MOTILAL MANSIONS, Apollo St., BOMBAY

BRANCHES :
Mumbadevi, Ahmedabad, Karachee, Calcutta and Rangoon.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL
Rs. 1,00,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 5 per half year will be allowed.

SAVINGS BANK. Interest allowed 4 per cent. Rules on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amount for 12 months are received at 5 per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents, the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

JAINARAYAN HINDUMAL DANI,
Managing Director.

COX & CO.,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.
BOMBAY, RAWAL PINDI, KARACHI, MURREE, AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.
INSURANCES of every description effected.
SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.
A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE :
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, W. S.

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," Rs. 2-4 per thousand and if printed on flap, Rs. 3-12 per thousand. Samples on application at THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

## BANKS.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE : NEW YORK.

Capital paid up ... ...Gold $3,250,000·00
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits ... ...Gold $3,605,119·45

LONDON OFFICE : Threadneedle House, Bishopsgate Street Within, E. C.

BRANCHES.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Bombay. | Cebu. | San Francisco |
| Calcutta. | Shanghai. | City of Mexico. |
| Hongkong. | Yokohama. | Washington. |
| Canton. | Colon. | Panama. |
| Manila. | Kobe. | Singapore. |
| Hankow. | Empire. | Peking. |

THE CORPORATION buys and sells Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months on which interest is allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

GEO. HOGG, Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42/43, Church Gate Street.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL .....£ 1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL .....£ 1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL.....£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS .....£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS .....£ 285,000

HEAD OFFICE :
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E. C.

LONDON BANKERS
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES :
BOMBAY, KARACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch HOWRAH (Calcutta), RANGOON, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, KUALA LUMPUR, PENANG, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms :—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Manager.
Esplanade Road, Bombay.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... Yen 24,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS ..... " 16,250,000

HEAD OFFICE :—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT :—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Antung-Hsien | Liaoyang | Eyojun Port |
| Changchung | Lyons | Arthur |
| Dairen (Dalny) | Fengtien Makden | Peking |
| Hankow | Nagasaki | San Francisco |
| Honolulu | Newchwang | Shanghai |
| Hongkong | New York | Tientsing |
| Kobe | Osaka | Tientsin |
| London | | Tokyo |

LONDON BANKER :—
The Bank of England ; The London Joint Stock Bank Ld. ; The Union of London and Smiths Bank, Ld., The Parr's Bank, Ld.

BOMBAY BRANCH :—
LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT.
FIXED DEPOSITS on terms to be learnt on application.
CREDITS granted on approved securities, and every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.
DRAFTS granted on JAPAN and the Chief Commercial places of the World.

S. KODAMA,
Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE—
Albert Buildings
Hornby Road Fort. Bombay

A SAFE REMEDY FOR ALL
SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES.

If you suffer from any disease due to the impure state of the Blood, FROM WHATEVER CAUSE ARISING, or should test the value of Clarke's Blood Mixture, the world-famed Blood Purifier and Restorer. This medicine has for many years, and to-day more popular than ever, the reason of this being no doubtedly because this wonderful remedy does what it professes to do—ITS CURES SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES PERMANENTLY.

Clarke's Blood Mixture
IS THE FINEST BLOOD PURIFIER EVER DISCOVERED.

It is warranted to cleanse the blood from all impurities, from whatever cause arising. For

| | |
|---|---|
| SCROFULA, | BAD LEGS, |
| SCURVY | BLOTCHES, |
| ECZEMA, | SPOTS, |
| BLOOD POISON, | BLACKHEADS |
| ULCERS, | PIMPLES, |
| SKIN & BLOOD DISEASES, | AND SORES OF ALL KINDS |

it is a safe and Permanent Remedy.

It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains, for it removes the cause from the Blood and Bones.

NOTE This mixture is pleasant to the taste and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, from infancy to old age, and the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of wonderful cures have been effected by it.

TRIED MANY THINGS WITHOUT BENEFIT UNTIL TOOK CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.

Mr. F. E. Lewis, 48, Bridge Street Row, Chester writes :—"Just a line in favour of 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.' I had eczema for seven months, and tried many things without benefit until I took your remedy. After the eighth bottle I was quite well again. Please accept this letter as a token of gratitude to your wonderful 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.' "—June 15, 1908.

IMPURITIES IN THE BLOOD.—"We have seen hosts of letters from all sorts and conditions of people, in which the writers acknowledge the benefit they have received from Clarke's Blood Mixture, which as a curative agent cannot be too highly estimated, since it cleanses and clears the blood from all impurities, and restores it to its normal condition." This is a good testimonial from the *Family Doctor* the popular medical weekly, which goes on further to say : "It is certainly the finest blood purifier that science and skill have brought to light, and we can, with the utmost confidence, recommend it our subscribers and the public generally."

*Sold by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World.*

ASK FOR :—
CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Chuckla No. 6. First Class Furniture on sale or hire. Inspection respectfully invited.

## WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &C.

JOHN JAMESON'S THREE STAR WHISKEY.

PURE POT STILL. Famous for 100 Years.

JOHN JAMESON & SON, LIMITED, DUBLIN.
Distillers to H. M. the King.

*Stocked by—*
PHIPSON & CO., 6 Apollo St., BOMBAY.

The Undermentioned Medicines are prepared from Herbs.

A BOON SUFFERING HUMANITY
SURGERY SUPERSEDED.

I possess numerous certificates from officials, European Parsees, Mahomedans, Hindus on all diseases. Those who wish to convince, are requested to come and inspect them.

SURGERY can only give temporary relief to the following diseases. They can be radically cured by the unfailing medicines described below :—

HYDROCELE in any form, acute, or chronic, Fistula, Elephantiasis and all sorts of rectum and scrotum diseases are cured by an infallible, harmless and wonderful remedy consisting of 36 vegetable drugs and 103 vegetable oils.

BLEEDING AND BLIND PILES.—Fistula, Fissure of the anus, and all inflammatory complaints of the rectum, which causes much irritation, burning and pain, are thoroughly cured without the least pain or inconvenience to sufferers.

FATTY OR WINDY BODY.—The undue increase of the size of the belly and abdomen, parts of the waist, loin, and other limbs of the body, and the consequent weakness and depression. The persons do not find rest or happiness under such condition and feel very miserable. They can be speedily cured and can experience a reduction of 4 to 8 inches in their body after 15 days' application of oil. Also Rheumatism, Gout, and Paralysis, acute or chronic, cured by the application of oil and pill. The effect of cure is experienced after 15 days' treatment.

SPERMATORRHŒA, STERILITY, and monthly disorders, and other obstinate uterine diseases are permanently cured, no mat

# DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON, July 20.

Consols 2 1-2 per cent. ... ... 81 7-8—1-8
Exchange on London at Paris Fcs. 25-20 1-4+0 1-2
Rentes 3 per cent ... ... ... 97 1-2 unchgd
Berlin Cheques on London ... 20-45 +0 1-2
Bar Silver Spot. ... ... ... 25 1-4—1-16
Do 3 months hence ... ... 24 13-16 unchgd
Closing Tone of Silver.—Quiet but steady.
Rupee Paper 3 1-2 per cent ... 63 15-16+1-8
Exchange on India 30 d-st. (Bank buying rate) ... ... 1-3-13 1-2 unchgd
Discount Bank of England Rate 3
3 1-2 per cent. Indian Stock (Sterling Loan) ... ... ... 95 1-2—1-4
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st ... ... 2 1-8+1-8
Do. Indian Bank bills 6 m/st 3 + 1-4
Do. Fine trade bills 3 months 2 5-8 unchgd
Do. Fine Trade Bills 6 months 3 3-8+1-4
Bar Gold (per oz.)... ... ... 77-9 1-2 unchgd
Interest day to day loans... ... 1 unchgd
Do. of day market loans ... 1 1-4 unchgd

## COUNCIL BILLS.

At the Periodical Biddings for Council Bills on India to-day for Rs 4,000,000.

Rs. 23,60,000 were allotted to Calcutta.
" 5,40,000 " to Bombay
" 4,50,000 " to Madras

Total Rs. 33 50,000

Tenders on Calcutta at 1s. 3 31-32d. (Min. Rate) Received 16 per cent. above that rate in full.
Tenders on Bombay at 1s. 3 31-32d. (Min. Rate) Received 16 per cent. above that rate in full.
Average rates of allotment, Calcutta and Bombay, 15-97.
Telegraphic Transfers:—
Rs. ..... were allotted to Calcutta.
" ..... " to Bombay.
" 6,50,000 " to Madras.

Total Rs. 6,50,000

Tenders on Madras at 1s. 4d. (Min. Rate) received 16 per cent. above that rate in full.
Tenders on Madras at 1s. 4d. (Min. Rate) received 16 per cent. above that rate in full.
Average rates of allotment, Calcutta and Bombay, 16-00.
Total amount of Bills sold during the week ending Tuesday evening including last Public Sale Rs. 41,70,000.
Amount to be allotted next week Rs. 40,00,000

MANCHESTER, July 20.

## COTTON.

| | Bales. |
|---|---|
| Total Day's Sales at Liverpool ... | 3,000 |
| Do. Day's Sales on Spot and for Exp | 1,000 |
| Do. Day's Sales of East Indian ... | ..... |
| Do. Day's Imports... ... ... | ..... |
| Tone of Liverpool Cotton Spot— ... | Dull. |
| Do. of Liverpool Cotton Futures ... | Quiet. |
| Do. of Liverpool Cotton East Indian... | Quiet. |
| Tone of Manchester Market... ... | Quiet. |
| Mid-Americans ... ... ... | 5-03—9 |
| Egyptian F. G. F. ... ... | 12 1-16—5-16 |

| | J.-A. | A.-S. | S.-O. | O.-N. | N.-D. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cotton Delivery | 7-61 | 7-34 | 6-98 | 6-80 | 6-71 |
| Mid Uplands | —3 | —4 | —3 | —2 | —3 |
| G. O. C. | | | | | |
| Liverpool | D.-J. | J.-F. | F.-M. | M.-A. | |
| | 6-65 | 6-67 | 6-67 | 6-66 | |
| | —3 | —3 | —2 | —3 | |

AMERICAN MARKETS.

NEW YORK, July 20.

COTTON :—
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports ... 12,000
Do. Last year ... ... ... 2,000
Do. Exports to Great Britain ... 1,0 0
Do. Exports to Continent ... ... 3,000

Futures at New York ..... Oct. 13·06+ 9 (Declined owing to commission houses liquidation and advanced later on British private crop report.)
Do at New York ..... Dec. 12·87+ 8

Spot Cotton at New York ... 14·10+15
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) 8 5-8 unchgd
Demand Bills ... ... 4 25 5-8+1-8
Silver Commercial Bars ... 54 5-8—1-8
Spot Cotton at New Orleans... 15 13-16+5-8
Tone of Spot Cotton ... ... Easy.
Futures at New Orleans ... Oct. 12·89+ 7
Do. at New Orleans ... Dec. 12·80+ 8

LONDON, July 20.

LINSEED.

Linseed Argentine (La Plata) ... 63 1-2
Do. Argentine (La Plata) months—July-Aug.
Do. Argentine (La Plata) Ports—Dunkirk.
Do. Argentine (La Plata) Sellers.

## WHEAT.

AUSTRALIAN.

Wheat Choice White Karachi per 492 lbs. C. I. F. ... ... ... 33 1-2
Do. Months—July-Aug.
Do. Name of Port—London.
Do. Whether Buyers, or Sellers, etc.—Done.
Tone—Firmer.

## SEEDS.

Rapeseed—Yellow Gujerat per 416 lbs 85 per cent ex-ship .. ... 43 1-2
Do. Months—July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Sellers.
Rapeseed—Yellow Cawnpore 416 lbs 85 per cent. ex-ship ... 42 1-2
Do. Months—July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Weather Buyers, or Sellers etc.—Sellers.
Rapeseed—Brown Cawnpore 39 lbs ex-ship... ... 40 3-4
Do. Months—July-Aug.... ... ...
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers etc.—Sellers.
Tone of Rapeseed—Firmer.
Linseed—Bombay per 416 lbs ex-ship ... 67
Do. Months—July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Whether Buyers, or Sellers etc.—Sellers.
Tone of Linseed—Easier.

## RUBBER.

Para Rubber ... 9 8 1-2 Value. Flat.

## SUGAR.

German granulated sugar C. and F. India double bags. ... ... 14 4 1-2
Months of Shipment.—Nov.-Dec.—Sellers.
Tone of Sugar—Quiet but steady.

## METAL.

Copper Braziers ... ... ... £ 65
Yellow Metal ... ... ... d 5 3-4

## BEEF AND MUTTON TALLOW AUCTION.

Finest Australian Beef Tallow ... 37-0
Do Mutton Tallow ... 38-0
General tone of Tallow Auction ... Easier.

BOMBAY, JULY 21.

## EXCHANGE.

Market opened at 1s. 3 15-16d. for T. T. and 1s. 3 31-32d for Demand and 1s. 4 1-8d. for 3 months' sight Credits.

We quote :—
Bank's selling—
T. T. Ready ... ... ... 1s. 3 15-15d.
D. D. Mail ... ... ... 1s. 3 31-32d.
T. T. Forward ... ... 1s. 4d. 15 Sept.
Bank's Buying—
Private D. D. Ready ... ... 1s. 4 1-32d.
Credits 3 m/s " ... 1s. 4 1-8d.
" " Forward ... 1s. 4 2-16d. Sept
" 6 m/s Ready ... 1s. 4 9-32d.
France 3 m/s " ... 169 1-2
Marks 3 m/s " ... 138
60 d/s. Hongkong ... 131 1-2
" Shanghai ... 177 1-4
" Japan ... 150 1-2

## GOVERNMENT PAPER.

Government paper market opened at 96'6 ready, 96'5 this settlement and 96'3 to 2 for the next settlement and later on declined 1-16 per cent. in all positions. At the close we quote :—
96 5 ready
96'4 29th July settlement. } Buyers
96 2 31st August

## BULLION.

Bar silver in London closed 1-16 down at 25 1-4 and New York was 1-8 down at 54 5-8. Private wires advised market quiet but firm. The local market in silver in absence of demand was dull. Market opened at Rs. 72-11 but later on declined to Rs. 72-10. Business of 30 to 40 slabs is reported.
The gold market in absence of inquiry is flat and prices remained unchanged. Prices of sovereigns rule the same.

## GOLD.

| | Rs. | a. | p. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 97 touch Fakirsett ... ... | 23 | 8 | 0 |
| 97 touch Chinta ... ... | 23 | 7 | 0 |
| Narendas Motilal's Chop Swadeshi 96 to 99 touch | 24 | 0 | 3 |
| National Bank ... ... | 24 | 2 | 3 |
| Chartered Bank ... ... | 24 | 1 | 6 |
| Sovereigns Shield ... ... | 15 | 4 | 0 |
| Do. Dragon ... ... | 15 | 0 | 0 |
| Australian ... ... | 24 | 1 | 0 |
| English Gold ... ... | 24 | 0 | 3 |
| Native Bullion ... ... | 24 | 0 | 3 |
| Indian Specie Bank ... ... | 24 | 0 | 3 |

## SILVER.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 117 1-2 Penny ... ... | 72 | 10 | 0 |
| 117 Penny Ready ... ... | 72 | 9 | 0 |
| Local per tola ... ... | 0 | 11 | 3 |

FUTURES.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| First Settlement ... ... | 72 | 10 | 0 |
| Second do ... ... | 72 | 12 | 0 |

## SEEDS AND WHEAT.

The following are the receipts of Wheat and Seeds into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m. on Wednesday, 20th July :—

| | |
|---|---|
| Wheat ... ... ... | 27,820 cwts |
| Linseed ... ... ... | 7,553 " |
| Rapeseed ... ... ... | 3,793 " |
| Gingelly seed ... ... | 553 " |
| Poppyseed ... ... ... | 4,876 " |
| Groundnuts.. ... ... | 439 " |
| Castorseed ... ... ... | 4,593 " |
| Rice ... ... ... | 60,289 " |
| Myrabolams.. ... ... | 3,326 " |
| Cottonseed ... ... ... | 7,775 " |
| Mowrassed ... ... ... | 6,672 " |
| Gram ... ... ... | 1,876 " |
| Joowar ... ... ... | 382 " |
| Maize ... ... ... | 5 " |

## SPINNINGS.

Petits were quoted at Rs 2,855 Aug. and Rs. 2,837 1/3 Sept.

## BANKS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Eastern Bank ... ... ... | 74 | | |
| Bank of Bombay ... ... ... | 148 | 7 | 1-2 |
| Bank of India ... ... ... | 67 | | |
| Indian Specie Bank — ... | 53 | 1-2 | X, D. |

## MILLS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Currimbhoy ... ... ... | 1,080 |
| Colaba... ... ... | 1,132 1-2 |
| David ... ... ... | 895 |
| Framji Petits ... ... ... | 1,655 |
| Kohinoor ... ... ... | 690 |
| Nagpore... ... ... | 1,695 |
| Manockji Petit... ... ... | 2,855 |
| Swadeshi... ... ... | 1,130 |
| Standard ... ... ... | 1047 1-2 |
| Finlay Mills ... ... | 245 |

## PRESSES.

New Mofussil ... ... ... 820

## MISCELLANEOUS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Bombay Steam Navigation Ord | 298 3-4 |
| Colaba Land and Mill ... ... | 1,127 1-2 |
| Treacher & Co ... ... | 545 |

## RAILWAY.

Tapti-Valley ... ... ... 472 1-2 C.D.

## COTTON.

Liverpool was 2 to 4 points down but New York was 15 up and futures 9 and 8 up. Demand in the local market for ready lots being good price advanced by Re. 1 to Rs. 2 and the market was firm. The opener advised 6 to 8 points up. There being good inquiry for New Broach prices advanced by Rs. 2. The market opened at Rs. 293 but on account of sellers the rate later on declined to Rs. 297-5.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 500 | Khatao Mills ..... | Comptah ..... | 305 |
| 500 | Currimbhoi Mills... | Gujrat ..... | 285 |
| 500 | Gaddam and Co ..... | Bengal ..... | 257 |
| 200 | Currimbhoi Mills... | Kadi ..... | 291 |
| 200 | Japan T Co ..... | Shegaon ..... | 284 |
| 200 | Do ..... | Broach ..... | 295-298 |
| 100 | Cohinoor Mills..... | Lawer ..... | 275 |
| 100 | Narandas B and Co... | Raichur ..... | 288 |
| 100 | W Wolf and Sons. | Barhanpur... | 279 |
| 200 | Volkart Bros..... | Broach ..... | 295 |
| 200 | Forbes F C and Co ... | Parbhani ... | 260 |
| 200 | Phoenix Mills..... | Comptah ... | 335 |
| 100 | Indo-China Mills ..... | Nagar ..... | 260 |
| 200 | Colaba Land..... | Morbi ..... | 290 |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Bengal Hand Gin. Fine | ... | 268 |
| " F Good | ... | 256 |
| Bengal Machine Gin. Fine | ... | 284 |
| " F Good | ... | 272 |
| Sind Punjab Fine | ... | 284 |
| " F Good | ... | 272 |
| Khandesh Fine | ... | 282 |
| " F Good | ... | 272 |
| Dhamangaon Poolgaon Fine | ... | 293 |
| " F Good | ... | 283 |
| Akola Khangaum Fine | ... | 291 |
| " F Good | ... | 281 |
| Amraoti Fine | ... | 291 |
| " F Good | ... | 281 |
| Yeotmal Fine | ... | 297 |
| " F Good | ... | 287 |
| Nagpore Fine | ... | 299 |
| " F Good | ... | 289 |
| Wardha Hinganghat Fine | ... | 305 |
| " F Good | ... | 295 |
| Methia Fine | ... | 281 |
| " F Good | ... | 271 |
| Broach Gin Fine | ... | 313 |
| " F Good | ... | 303 |
| Sawginned Good | ... | 309 |
| Coompta Ginned | ... | 306 |
| Western H. G. | ... | 290 |
| Do M G | ... | 295 |

FUTURES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Broach Good | ... 297 1-2 |
| Bengal F G | ... 229 1-2 |

The following are the receipts of Cotton into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m. on Wednesday 20th July :—

| | Bales. |
|---|---|
| Khandeish ... ... ... | 72 " |
| Central India... ... ... | 420 " |
| Barsi and Nagur ... ... | ..... " |
| Berar ... ... ... | ..... " |
| Central Provinces ... ... | ..... " |
| Oomras... ... ... | 492 " |
| Dholera ... ... ... | 272 " |
| Broach... ... ... | ..... " |
| Coompta and Dharwar ... | 848 " |
| Westerns ... ... ... | 502 " |
| Bengals (N W. P.)... ... | ..... " |
| Bengal Rajputana ... ... | ..... " |
| Sind ... ... ... | 93 " |
| Persian ... ... ... | ..... " |
| Other Sorts ... ... ... | 9 " |
| American ... ... ... | ..... " |
| Total ... | 2,216 Bales. |

LIVERPOOL, July 21.

Opening Tone and Prices.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Opening Tone ... ... ... | | | | Steady. |
| Estimated Sales ... ... ... | | | | 3,000 |
| Total Imports ... ... ... | | | | 3,000 |
| Future Delivery Prices :— | | | | |
| July—Aug. ... ... ... | | | | 7·67 + 6 |
| Aug.—Sept ... ... ... | | | | 7·41 + 7 |
| Sept.—Oct. ... ... ... | | | | 7·04 + 6 |
| Oct.—Nov. ... ... ... | | | | 6·77 + 7 |
| Nov.—Dec. ... ... ... | | | | 6·77 + 6 |
| Dec.—Jan. ... ... ... | | | | 6·75 + 7 |
| Jan.—Feb. ... ... ... | | | | 6·75 + 8 |
| Feb.—Mar. ... ... ... | | | | 6·75 + 8 |
| Mar.—Apl. ... ... ... | | | | 6·73 + 7 |

## FREIGHTS.

| Ports. | Seed. | Cotton. |
|---|---|---|
| Antwerp ... ... | 11 6 | ... 12 6 |
| Dunkirk ... ... | 11 6 | ... 12 5 |
| Havre ... ... | 12 0 | ... 13 0 |
| Hull ... ... | 10 6 | ... ..... |
| Liverpool ... ... | 9 0 | ... 9 6 |
| Marseilles ... ... | 9 0 | ... 9 6 |
| Genoa ... ... | 10 6 | ... 11 6 |
| London ... ... | 10 0 | ... ..... |
| Hamburg ... ... | 11 6 | ... 13 0 |
| Trieste ... ... | 11 0 | ... 12 0 |
| Venice... ... | 11 0 | ... 12 0 |
| Open Ports ... ... | Aug. | ... 11 0 |
| | Sept: | ... 11 6 |
| | Oct. | ... 12 6 |
| | Nov | ... 13 6 |
| | Dec. | ... 14 6 |

Market steady.

## METALS.

| We quote :— | lbs. | |
|---|---|---|
| Copper Brasiers 4×4 ... ... | 21 | |
| | 28 | |
| | 35 | |
| | 42 | |
| | 56 | Rs. 52/8 |
| | 63 | to 4 |
| | 70 | |
| | 77 | |
| | 84 | |
| Yellow Metal Sheets ... ... | 21 | |
| | 28 | ,, 43 2 a |
| | 35 | |
| | 42 | ,, 43 8 b |
| | 49 | |
| | 56 | |
| Tin Ingots. ... ... ... | ... | ,, 40 8 |
| Spelter S M ... | ... | ,, 17 12 |
| M M ... | ... | |
| J ... | ... | |
| G ... | ... | |
| Georgahutte ... | ... | |
| Copper Ingots K S ... | ... | ,, 46 12 |
| Copper Sheetings... lbs. 8 10. 12, 14 | | |
| Yellow Metal Sheetings lbs 6-8 Rs.51, 10-10 | | ,, 47 8 |
| lbs. 4, 16 ... | | ,, 45 12 |
| Copper ... ... | 6, 8 ... | ,, 60 0 |
| " ... ... | 10, 12 ... | ,, 58 0 |
| " ... ... | 14, 16 ... | ,, 55 0 |

a Rex. b English.

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY by rail on 19th July 1910.

| By | Bars. | Ounces. |
|---|---|---|
| G. I. P. Railway ... | 23 | 27,740 |
| B. B. & C. I. Railway ... | 36 | 42,598 |

## DAILY EXPORTS.—July 21.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Scindia s—520 cwts myrabolams, A Khimji.

FOR LONDON.

Caledonia s—15 bales hides, P E Boyce and Sons; 2 bales cloth cuttings, N Wadia and Sons; 2 bales carpets J M Rehmtoola; 50 bales sawri cotton, W Wolf and Sons.

FOR NEW YORK.

Scindia s—14 casks skins, Enrico N Stein.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Scindia s—21 bales skins, Enrico N Stein.

FOR BARCELONA.

Scindia s—100 bales cotton, The Bombay and Co, Ld.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

Scindia s—139 casks skins, Enrico N Stein.

FOR ANTWERP.

Culna s—1,000 tons manganese ore, The Shivrajpur Syndicate and Co; 301 bales sawri cotton, W Wolf and Sons; 1,700 cwts rapeseed and 19,900 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros; 1,000 cwts linseed and 2,000 cwts castorseed, L Drefuss and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Neidenfels s—55 bales cotton, A Blaschek and Co; 202 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 270 bales cotton fly, W Wolf and Sons; 15 bales hides, Nizamudin and Co; 110 bales cotton, P Vishram and Co; 26 bales cotton, A Moritz and Co; 110 bales cotton, Ewart Latham and Co; 225 cwts myrabolams, Kaliandas Bros; 55 bales cotton, G Veerji and Co; 165 bales cotton fly, O Persj and Co.

FOR SYRA.

Trieste s—50 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Trieste s—110 bales cotton, W Wolf and Sons; 77 tons teakwood planks, B E Kashinath; 1,000 cwts groundnuts, Volkart Bros: 550 bales cotton, A Blaschek and Co; 220 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 2,153 bales cotton, Volkart Bros; 187 1-2 cwts olibanum, J Nurbheram; 107 1-2 cwts olibanum, P Jaithabhoy; 100 cwts olibanum, G Sojpal.

FOR VENICE.

Trieste s—200 bales cotton, Walter Pavri and Co; 1,000 cwt castorseed, Volkart Bros 400 bales cotton, A Blaschek and Co; 400 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co; 400 bales cotton, Volkart Bros.

FOR ODESSA.

Trieste s—309 cwt turmeric, R Damji and Co.

## INDIAN CROP PROSPECTS.

ASSAM JUTE.

The first forecast of the jute crop of Eastern Bengal and Assam, 1910 :—Note.—On the average of the five years ending 1907-1908, the area under jute in Eastern Bengal and Assam represents some 78·9 per cent. of the total area under jute in British India.

Character of the Crop.—In 1909, the monsoon rains were plentiful and being maintained until the latter part of October a good supply of moisture was left in the soil. The cold weather months were generally dry and in the group of districts in the Dacca and Chittagong divisions lying south of Mymensingh, the spring rains were tardy in their commencement.

Sowing generally began rather late and in some areas fields which were sown early had to be resown owing to the withering of the young plants. In the more easterly district heavy showers at the end of April and beginning of May did some damage to immature seedlings by flooding them. May and June have been marked by copious rainfall which has proved beneficial to the growth of crop. So far outlook is favourable.

Area sown.—According to the estimates of the District Officers, the total area under the crop this year is 2,218,600 acres, or an increase of 17,400 acres over last year's figure. Substantial expansion of acreage is reported from Tippera, Rajshahi, Dinajpur and Rangpur, the total increase in these districts amounting to about 60,000 acres. Most of the District Officers ascribe this, no doubt correctly, to the steady fall in the price of rice during the past year which has inclined the balance in favour of jute cultivation. A large decrease is reported from Dacca, Mymensingh, Faridpur, Bakarganj, Jalpaiguri, Malda and Goalpara, and is ascribed to unfavourable weather conditions prevailing before and at the time of sowing. I am inclined to think that this decrease, if it occurred at all, has been greatly exaggerated. The largest decrease, namely 14,000 acres, is reported from Jalpaiguri, but this is not warranted by the prevailing weather conditions as the rainfall in March was far above normal while good showers fell in April. The same remarks apply to Mymensingh which reports a loss of 9,000 acres under the crop. The general opinion of the trade appears to be that the acreage under the crop this year is not less than that of last year. With this opinion I am in accord, provided it is understood that the area reported from the districts last year was an underestimate by at least a lakh of acres. If this assumption is correct the total area sown with the crop this year comes to considerably over 23 lakhs of acres.

Condition and prospects.—Apart from the slight damage caused by heavy rain early in May, the condition of the crop is good. District Officers are almost unanimous in anticipating that with a continuance of favourable weather the average outturn per acre will be equal to if not better than last year.

Consolidated Forecast.—The Director of Agriculture, Bengal, estimates the total area under jute in that Province at 5,87,100 acres against 5,75,400 acres (revised) of last year. The consolidated estimate for the two provinces combined is therefore 29,12,100 acres against 27,76,600 acres (revised) last year; or an increase of about 5 per cent.

GODFREY HUNT, an old Crimean veteran, has just died at Rotherham at the age of seventy-three. He served on the height of Balaclava and in the trenches of Sebastopol. During the siege at one time Hunt had two brothers, one on either side of him frozen to their guns.


WARRANTED TEN YEARS

We despatch direct from our Coventry factory to any one, on seven days' approval, our highest grade
Mead Coventry Flyers
fitted less than lowest manufacturers' prices. Absolutely British-made throughout, and guaranteed longer than any other make.
LATEST MODELS £3.10 to £9
Coaster Hubs, Variable Gears, Best Makes of Tyres, Crabbe Inverted Rim Brakes and all latest improvements.
Packed and Delivered Free to any port in the World. We guarantee safe delivery.
ACTIVE AGENTS wanted in each district. Large profits easily made. Write at once, using sufficient postage, for free Art Catalogues and our Special Offer on Sample machine.
MEAD CYCLE CO., DEPT 323 LIVERPOOL.


## DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

### OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

TIGHE.—July 16, at Murree, the wife of Major S. M. Tighe, 30th D. C. O. Infantry, of a daughter.
GARDNER BROWN.—July 16, the wife of Gerald Gardner-Brown, Indian Educational Service, of a daughter.
PINHEY.—July 19, at Knocke Sur Mer, Belgium, the wife of Lieut.-Colonel A. F. Pinhey, Indian Army, of a son.

# BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 6h. 12m.; Sun sets, 7h. 16m. High water, 11-49m.; 11-26s.; Low water, 4-46m. 5-53s.
English Mail Steamer "Galsette" due 6 a. m.
Bombay University Senate Meeting about the Examination Hall, 5-45 p.m.
Harwood League Football: Y. M. C. A. vs. Rovers, Cooperage, 5-45 p.m.

Maxim: "Forfeiture of reputation usually follows want of faith."

THE STUDENTS' BROTHERHOOD.—On Sunday, the 24th instant, the Senior class of the Brotherhood will meet at 9 a.m. (S. T.) in the Hall of the Prarthana Mandir, Girgaon, when the Hon'ble Sir Narayenrao Chandavarkar will conduct the class, and will lecture on "Wordsworth's Prelude." The Junior class of the Brotherhood will meet the same hour at Bhuleshwar in the Govindas Tejpal High School and will be conducted by Mr. K. J. Dubash, B.A., LL.B.

"THE ENLIGHTENER."—Mr. V. R. Nadkarni has made a collection of English articles on religious and secular subjects contributed by Mr. Damodar Vyankatesh Panandhikar to the "School Teacher" and the "Prabhakar" some thirty years ago, and has published the collection under the title of the "Enlightener." Mr. Panandhikar, who is some seventy years of age, belongs to the olden generation; and it appears from his articles that his views are liberal and impartial.

BAND AT THE YACHT CLUB.—By kind permission of Major C. Richardson and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, B. B. and C. I. Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps, will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Band Sergt., commencing at 6-15 p.m. (S. T.) this evening :—

March .....Through Bolts and Bars Urbach
Overture .....The Merry Monarch.....Herold
Valse .....The Dollar Princess ....Fall
Selection .....Vocal Gems .....Godfrey
Characteristic ...Babillage .....Gillet
Selection .....Miss Hook of Holland...Rubens
Piccolo Solo.....Golden Sparks .....Brewer

## THE BOMBAY SERVICES.

Mr. E. Fahey, Judicial Clerk, Chief Presidency Magistrate's Court, Bombay, is to be Additional Deputy Registrar and Commissioner for taking Affidavits with effect from 1st July.

Mr. W. H. Marston, Deputy Superintendent of Police, Aden, has been granted privilege leave for three months' combined with leave on medical certificate for three months with effect from the 21st May.

Mr. A. C. J. Bailey, Assistant Superintendent of Police, has been allowed by the Secretary of State for India an extension for three months on medical certificate of the privilege leave granted to him in Government Notification No. 999, dated the 18th February.

The Honourable Mr. Justice N. C. McLeod, Barrister-at-Law, assumed the execution of the duties of his office as Judge of His Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay on the 28th June.

The Honourable Mr. Justice L. J. Robertson, Barrister-at-Law, assumed the execution of the duties of his office as Acting Judge of His Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay on the 1st July.

The appointment of Mr. A. E. Adams, as Acting Consul for Belgium at Aden, vice Mr. R. Somerville Murray and during the absence of Mr. G. M. Gorden is recognised.

Mr. J. C. Brown, District Inspector, Broach City and Taluka, was granted privilege leave for one month with effect from the 5th June and Mr. Chunilal Damodardas Mehetajee, Abkari Clerk in the Account Office, Broach, appointed to act for him.

The services of Mr. W. Fanshawe, Indian Educational Service, are placed at the disposal of the Council of the Rajkumar College at Rajkot, with effect from the 6th June 1910.

Mr. H. J. Inman, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Burma, has been appointed Officer-in-charge of His Highness the ex-King Thebaw of Burma at Ratnagiri, vice Mr. A. F. H. Gomber, retired.

Mr. R. D. Sathne, LL.B., Barrister-at-Law, to be Official Assignee, vice the Honourable Mr. Justice N. C. McLeod, appointed Judge of His Majesty's High Court of Judicature, Bombay.

Mr. A. Montgomerie, I. C. S., Assistant Collector and Magistrate, First Class, Nasik City, to be Sub-Divisional Magistrate for the Nasik City Sub-Division.

Mr. S. R. Perfect, A. M. Inst. C.E., Assistant Engineer, appointed to this Division under Government Notification No. E. 1489 of the 5th July 1910, is posted to the Karachi Canals District.

On return from privilege leave Mr. H. A. Cloy, Overseer, First Grade, and Supervisor, Second Grade (temporary) is transferred from the Belgaum to the Dharwar District.

## THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours, ending at 6 a. m. yesterday, give the following results :—

| Wards. | Plague. Attacks. | Deaths. | Total deaths from all causes. |
|---|---|---|---|
| A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade ..... | 2 | 0 | 11 |
| B Mandvi, Chukla, Oomerkhadi and Dongri ..... | 2 | 2 | 22 |
| C Market Dhobi Talao, Fanaswady, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao, and Kumbharwada ..... | 3 | 2 | 24 |
| D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpati, Walkeshwar, and Mahalaxmi ..... | 0 | 0 | 13 |
| E Mazagon, Tarwadi, 2nd Nagpada, Kamatipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada ..... | 4 | 4 | 39 |
| F Parel, Sewree and Sion... | 1 | 1 | 15 |
| G Mahim and Worli ..... | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| Harbour..... | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Hospital ..... | 0 | 1 | 11 |
| Total..... | 12 | 10 | 143 |
| This day last year .....e | 1 | 1 | 76 |

## THE RAT CAMPAIGN.

July 21st 1910.

| Ward. | Alive. | Dead | Found Infected. |
|---|---|---|---|
| A ..... | 76 | 28 | 2 |
| B ..... | 103 | 62 | 4 |
| B ..... | 96 | 83 | 11 |
| C ..... | 89 | 48 | 5 |
| D ..... | 47 | 16 | 1 |
| E ..... | 106 | 10 | 0 |
| E ..... | 95 | 32 | 0 |
| F ..... | 48 | 8 | 0 |
| G ..... | 69 | 0 | 0 |
| Total ... | 729 | 287 | 23 |
| Total killed to date rats | ... | ... | 1,016 |


LUXURY FOR THE SKIN.

"THE ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP," pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin, writes Lady Constance Howard. Countess of Westmeath says: "it gives much satisfaction." The ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP is a highly agreeable and beneficial Luxury for the Toilet Bath and Nursery and leaves the skin in a pure, refreshed and healthy condition, delicately perfumed, Chemists, Grocers, etc., sell it.


## THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, JULY 21.

The precipitation has been somewhat lighter in Burma and North-East India, but has increased slightly in the central parts of the country and the extreme north. It has been nearly general in Eastern Bengal and Assam, and local in Burma and Bengal of the submontane districts of the United Provinces; the North Punjab, the Central Provinces and the extreme South of the Peninsula. A few falls have occurred in Kashmir and the North-West Frontier Province.

The principal amounts are:—Gauhati, three inches; Silchar, one and a half; Cherrapoonji, ten; Jalpaiguri, one; Samalpur, two; Bahraich, one and a half; Chakrata, two; Muktesar, Murree and Khushab, one.

Forecast.—No material change.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

| | Mapia. | | Byculla made | | Fort Colaba. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | In Cts | In Cts | In Cts | In Cts | In Cts | In Cts |
| Previously registered... ..... | 31·34 | 27·47 | 27·10 | 26·20 | | |
| Thursday, 21st July..... | 0·00 | 0·03 | 0 02 | 0·00 | | |
| Total..... | 31·34 | 27·50 | 27·12 | 26·20 | | |
| Same date last year ..... | | | | | | |

MESSRS. KEMP & Co., OUMBALLA HILL, July 21.

| Station. | Rainfall up to 8 a.m. Last 24 hours. | Total to date. | Corpdg. Total 1908. | Corpdg Total 1909. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | In. cts. | In. cts. | In. cts. | In cts. |
| Oumballa Hill ... | 0 00 | 29·29 | 38·74 | 50·57 |

Appended is Thuresday's report of the Meteorological Reporter for Western India based on observations taken at 8 o'clock.

| Name of Stations. | Maximum temperature during the past 24 hours. | Minimum temperature during the past 24 hours. | Rainfall past 24 hours. | Rainfall since 1st June to date. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sunhire (20th July) ..... | 92·6 | 67·6 | ... | ... |
| Jask ..... | 96·3 | 85·8 | ... | ... |
| Muskat (20th July) ..... | 103·8 | 9·6 | ... | ... |
| Multan ..... | 102·3 | 67·0 | ... | 0·71 |
| Rawalpindi ..... | 86·9 | 75·4 | 0·40 | 9·77 |
| Lahore ..... | 100·4 | 81·2 | ... | 6·62 |
| Sirsa..... | 102·3 | 82·6 | ... | 3·60 |
| Ambala ..... | 98·5 | 83·0 | 0·01 | 10·55 |
| Delhi ..... | 99·2 | 84·2 | ... | 6·56 |
| Agra..... | 102·0 | 86·4 | ... | 4·37 |
| Mainpuri..... | 101·3 | 83·5 | 0·02 | 4·33 |
| Jhansi ..... | 97·5 | 81·5 | ... | 8·46 |
| Cawnpore ..... | 102·3 | 81·0 | ... | 5·49 |
| Allahabad ..... | 101·6 | 79·1 | ... | 4·86 |
| Jacobabad ..... | 101·6 | 83·8 | ... | 2·00 |
| Karachi ..... | 88·0 | 80·0 | ... | 10·42 |
| Ajmer ..... | 88·4 | 71·2 | ... | 9·18 |
| Jaipur ..... | 99·2 | 78 1 | ... | 2·22 |
| Kotah ..... | 92·5 | 79·1 | ... | 10·38 |
| Bhuj..... | 90·1 | 78·0 | ... | 12·61 |
| Dwarka ..... | 85·8 | 81·2 | 0·02 | 8·41 |
| Veraval ..... | 85·6 | 80·3 | 0 01 | 9·69 |
| Rajkot ..... | 90·1 | 75·5 | ... | 16·30 |
| Jaanagar Para..... | 86·5 | 76·5 | 0·23 | 15·13 |
| Surat ..... | 87·6 | 77·1 | 0·02 | 21·64 |
| Ahmedabad..... | 91·6 | 75·7 | 0·38 | 13·88 |
| Deesa ..... | 89·3 | 75 9 | 0·05 | 13·79 |
| Neemuch..... | 88·0 | ... | ... | 12·57 |
| Indore ..... | 87·6 | 71·0 | 0·01 | 15·76 |
| Jubbulpore ..... | 93·3 | 76·8 | ... | 14·07 |
| Saugor ..... | 91·6 | 74·0 | ... | 8·71 |
| Hoshangabad ..... | 91·1 | 75·4 | ... | 17·70 |
| Khandwa..... | 90·2 | 74·1 | 0·53 | 12·33 |
| Akola ..... | 96·2 | 77·1 | ... | 11·21 |
| Amraoti ..... | 95·8 | 75·3 | 0·19 | 13 19 |
| Nagpur..... | 93·6 | 77 8 | ... | 27·01 |
| Chanda ..... | 92·5 | 76·0 | 0·80 | 16·88 |
| Raipur..... | 92·2 | 78·6 | 0·22 | 19 80 |
| Bombay ..... | 87·1 | 80·4 | ... | 26·20 |
| Ratnagiri..... | 87 3 | 79 9 | ... | 38·32 |
| Mormugao ..... | 86 0 | 79·7 | ... | 50·14 |
| Karwar ..... | 85·8 | 76·0 | 0·01 | 66·36 |
| Malegaon..... | 92·9 | 72·1 | ... | 12·30 |
| Ahamednagar..... | 91·4 | 69·0 | ... | 10·15 |
| Poona ..... | 88·0 | 71·3 | ... | 9 93 |
| Sholapur ..... | 94·3 | 75·4 | ... | 5·77 |
| Satpur ..... | 92·4 | 77·2 | ... | 3·59 |
| Belgaum ..... | 83·3 | 70·1 | ... | 14·40 |
| Aurangabad..... | 92·2 | 72·2 | ... | 6·64 |
| Nizamabad (Indur) ..... | 94·9 | 78·7 | ... | 11·44 |
| Hyderabad ..... | 93·8 | 77·2 | 0 02 | 7·48 |
|

# SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The Committee of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce have decided that Wednesday, 20th July should be regarded as a Full Weather Working Day for Vessels in the Prince's and Victoria Docks.

## MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

DOCKYARD.

H M S Redbreast .....Comdr Shuter.....H M S
H M S Perseus .....Comdr Beaty Powell....H M S
R I M S Lapwing...Lt Comdr MacLean...Royal Navy
R I M S Hardinge.....Comdr Farewell.....R I M
R I M S Northbrook...Comdr J Marsack....R I M S
R I M S Dufferin.....Comdr A J Marsack.....R I M
R I M S Investigator...Comdr W Y Beauchamp..... Survey Street
R I M S Palinurus...Comdr Taylor.....R I M S

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—July 21.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Ariel | 2298 | Race.....W & A Graham & Co | |
| Clematis | 2368 | Robinson ...Andrew Zuel & Co | |
| Cowno | 3155 | Falla .....W&A Graham & Co | |
| Dwarka | 759 | Moxon.....M M & Co | |
| Glenchening | 3067 | Craig..... | |
| Indiana | 2508 | Parkar ...W & A Graham & Co | |
| Linga | 951 | Carbuhn .....M M & Co | |
| Mattra | 2935 | Seddon.....M M & Co | |
| Najmi | 2522 | Hallet .....E & A M Jeewanji | |
| Nowshera | 1961 | Rose..... M M & Co | |
| Nonsuch | 2414 | Weston ..W & A Graham & Co | |
| Nadir | 2041 | Atkin.....T Morrison and Co | |
| Orissa | 3525 | Redslib..... M M & Co | |
| Persiana | 2616 | Garrett ...T Morrison & Co | |
| Prodnce | 748 | Winsnes ...F F Campbell & Co | |
| Rahmania | 1872 | Coats .....B & P S N & Co | |
| Shah Jehan | 2566 | Born .....B & H S N & Co | |
| Salsi | 502 | Willoughley & H S N & Co | |
| Springburn | 3173 | Crosthwaite..W&A Graham & Co | |
| Silverdale | 2440 | McLeod...W & A Graham & Co | |
| Wardha | 2542 | Archdeacon .....M M & Co | |

VESSELS IN DOCK.—July 21.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

| Vessel | Tons | Capt. | Dest. | Date. | Agents |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| C&R Umballa | 3426 | Rait | Calcutta | 23 7 | M M & Co |
| D&E Cuma | 3693 | Farquherson | Antwerp | 4-8 | M M & Co |
| F Clan Macneil | 2504 | Roden | Marmagoa | 23-7 | James Finlay & Co |
| G Mohammadi | 1251 | Geddis | Persian Gulf | 6 8 | B & P S N & Co |
| K Umsinga | 1869 | Robertson | M'borough | 23 7 | W & A Graham & Co |
| N Dunedeen | 3051 | Case | Baltimore | 25 7 | R A Willis |
| O Haidari | 1563 | Kass | Jeddah | 25 7 | B & P S N Co |
| P Den of Ruthven | 3110 | Thomson | Philadelphia | 22 7 | R A Willis |

VICTORIA DOCK.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2 Scindia | 3253 | Kelso | Liverpool | 29-7 | W & A Graham & Co |
| 3 Kalfbia | 3149 | Stewart | Dunkirk | 4-8 | W & A Graham & Co |
| 4 M Bacquehem | 2752 | Gallowich | Prieste | N F | W Donvo |
| 5 Glenlyon | 2654 | Anderson | Karachi | 23 7 | M M & Co |
| 6 Vorwaerts | 3727 | Bednar | Kobe | 25-7 | A L S N Co |
| 7 Neidaafels | 3335 | Frisins | Karachi | 27-7 | W & A Graham & Co |
| 12&18 Calcionia | 3529 | Hayward | London | 30 7 | P & O S N & Co |

H W P D

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Mahanadi | 547 | Ahmed | Marmagoa | 23 7 | Bo S N Co Ld |
| Satrunji | 547 | Esmail | Karachi | 22 7 | Bo S N Co Ld |
| Saraswati | 443 | Ahmed | B'nager | 20 7 | Bo S N Co Ld |
| Madura | 1273 | Bamber | Bunrah | 25 7 | M M & Co |
| Sabagmati | 524 | Mahomed | N F | B S N Co | |
| 15 Trieste | 3203 | Witsche | Trieste | 1 8 | W Deare |

## ARRIVALS.

| July | Vessels. | Commanders. | From |
|---|---|---|---|
| 21 | Glenchang s | Craig | Calcutta, July 11 |
| | Marq Bacquehem's | Gallowich | Trieste, July 3 |
| | Silverdale s | McLeod | Cardiff, June 11 |
| | Muttra s | Seddon | Calcutta, June 27. |

## DEPARTURES.

| July | Vessels. | Commanders. | Destination. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 21 | Dido s | Runton | Hull |

The following vessels began to load on Thursday :—

Steamer Ariel, for Liverpool, etc.
" Springburn, for Liverpool, etc.
" Silverdale, for Liverpool, etc.
" Marq Bacquehem, for Trieste.
" Muttra, for Calcutta.

## STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Flecio and Rubattino S. N. Company's s.s. Ischia from Bombay left Colombo on the 20th instant, for Singapore and Hongkong.

## MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

| July | Vessel | From |
|---|---|---|
| 18 | Tara | Negapatam |
| 18 | Peter Jebsen | Calcutta |
| 18 | Clan Chattan | Coast |
| 18 | Kilkeman | Bunbury |
| 18 | Jelunga | London |
| 19 | Teesta | Straits |
| 19 | Gwalior | Rangoon |

## FOREIGN CABLE COMMUNICATION.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION

| Great Britain. | Continent of Europe. | America. | Australia. | China. | Africa. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Via Teheran Perfect. | Via Teheran Perfect. | Via Brest Perfect | Via Penang Perfect. | Via Penang Perfect. | Via Aden Perfect. |
| Via Turkey Perfect. | Via Turkey Perfect. | Via Valentia Perfect. | Via Amoor Perfect. | Via Amoor Perfect. | Via Cadiz Teneriffe Perfect |
| Via Suez Perfect. | Via Suez Perfect. | Via Direct Cable Perfect. | ..... | Via Bhamo Interrupted. | Via Lisbon St. Vincent Perfect. |

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 21st July 1910.
(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

| Via | Latest Dates. D. | H | M. | Time Occupied in Transmission. Hrs. | Mts |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Turkey ... | 20 | 4 | 10 p.m. | 10 | 3 |
| Teheran ... | 21 | 2 | 10 p.m. | 0 | 28 |
| Suez ..... | 21 | 2 | 10 p.m. | 0 | 50 |

NOTICES.

Cable Assab Perim interrupted. Telegrams for Erythrea and Abyssinia are forwarded via Suakim, Kassala, without additional charge (22-11-09).

Cable Obock Djibouti interrupted. (27-6-10).

China reports Luchow line working indifferently. Telegrams to north of China are subject to heavy delay. (28-6-10).

Bhamo route to China interrupted between Yunnan and Weining. (18-7-10.)

Ordinary classed traffic from India for offices in Eastern Bengal east of Brahmaputra and Padda, Burma and Assam is now accepted but there may perhaps be delay to this class of messages (19-7-10).

It is officially stated that in two years Canada has gone up from the tenth to the fifth place among the wheat-producing nations of the world. The production in 1909 was 166,750,000 bushels. The total value of the new buildings erected in 82 Canadian cities in 1909 is over $5,000,000 dollars, an increase over the previous year of approximately 50 per cent.


# MALARIA.

NEMESIS AGUE SPECIFIC,

is a rational Remedy for Ague, Malarial, Bilious, Plague and other Fevers. A General Bitter Tonic, and Heart Stimulent. Per bottle, Re. 1.

# CHOLERA.

"ZAM-ZAM."

A wonder of the Age. The Family Remedy. Instantaneous cure for Cholera, Colic, Cramp, Dyspepsia, Griping.

☞ See the Trade-mark of a Wading Bird. Per bottle—Ans. 8 and Ans. 14.

F. S. MADON & CO.,

170, SHAIKH MEMON STREET,

BOMBAY.

STANDARD OIL CO. OF NEW YORK,
MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

| BRAND | Price. Rs. a. p. |
|---|---|
| Snowflake, 150 deg | 6 8 2 per case. |
| White Rose, 150 deg | 6 8 2 " " |
| Chester, 125 deg | 5 0 2 " " |
| Devoe's Brilliant, 125 deg | 4 12 2 " " |
| Monkey, 125 deg | 4 8 2 " " |
| Elephant, 125 deg | 4 3 0 per two tins. |
| " 125 deg. (in Bulk) | 3 9 0 per 8 gallons |

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.

All case oil sold by Standard Oil Co. of New York IS IMPORTED IN CASES.

Bandra Agent adds one anna to the above prices excepting for bulk.

Coorla and Andheri Agents add one anna and Thana Agent adds 2 1-2 annas to the above prices.

Order books supplied gratis on application.

TO PARENTS.

COMFORTABLE HOME for CHILDREN of Anglo-Indians. Every care and attentions Best Schools near. Terms Moderate. Reference kindly permitted to Mr. D. M. INGLIS, of Messrs. James Finlay & Co., Ltd., Bombay, and Mr. R. KENNEDY, 35, Marine Lines, Bombay.

ACCIDENTS AND DISEASE

INCLUDING

ENTERIC FEVER

INSURED, AGAINST BY

THE RAILWAY PASSENGERS ASSURANCE COMPANY,

One of the Oldest and Wealthiest Accident Companies.

PREMIUMS FOR FULLEST BENEFITS

£6 or £7 per annum.

INDIAN AGENTS :

MESSRS. KING KING & CO.,

BOMBAY.

BANK OF BOMBAY.
SAVINGS BANK.

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Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, GENERAL POST OFFICE, BOMBAY.


# The Bombay Gazette.

Friday, 22nd July, 1910.


## AN INDIAN MUSEUM AS THE KING'S MEMORIAL.

In India our experience of museums not so far being encouraging, and until we see those in course of erection in Calcutta and Bombay make more satisfactory progress, museums will continue to be regarded with disfavour. In England, however, where there are already scores of museums filled with more or less interesting art treasures and specimens of ancient handicraft and of natural history, any project for establishment of another such institution almost invariably receives enthusiastic support. Such will probably be the experience of those who are now promoting a scheme for the founding of an Indian museum in London as a memorial to the late King-Emperor. The East India Company had an excellent library, now in possession of the India office, and an extensive museum, but the collections in the Museum were completely broken up in 1879 and dispersed, finding homes in Jermyn Street, at Kew, the British Museum and South Kensington. It was intended that the museum should be kept together as a whole but this was found impossible. The desirability of re-assembling the collections has been many times asserted, and deputations have made representations to the Home Government on the subject—so far without avail. Now, however, the matter had been taken up by the Royal Asiatic Society which has asserted that some such institution is required in London, as typifying India in its widest sense. Mr. C. E. D. Black, speaking on the subject the other day, remarked : "London is the seat of the supreme Government; here are to be found converging to its administrative centre the ties that unite us to our great Dominions in the East and here one would expect to find some central cynosure, if I may use the expression, which would serve to remind all that London is in a special sense the heart of our Eastern Empire." The principle admitted, what is wanted is a site and a suitable building. To obtain them will be no mean task, since adequately equipped an Indian Museum ought to cover more ground than the British. "No wonder," exclaimed Mr. Black, "that the very subject of India is unfamiliar, if not actually distasteful, to the British Public when so little trouble is taken to typify in the Metropolis by the erection of a noble and appropriate edifice, the extent and grandeur of our Eastern Empire."

By all means if they would have an Indian Museum, let us help them. Lord Curzon thinks the bulk of the money would be furnished by India. Though he thinks the Government of India might feel some reluctance in any large committent of their own resources in the present state of Indian finances. We have schemes of our own on foot of more or less utilitarian value. Let those of us who wish to contribute do so by all means, but we must ask those who have shaken the pagoda tree and carried home its fruits to unhouse some of these, for the benefit of their own posterity whom they hope to see return with more. Associated with Lord Curzon and Lord Lamington in this project are Sir G. Watt, Sir George Birdwood, Sir Muncherjee Bhownagree, Mr. Chisholm, Professor Boyd Dawkins, Mr. Whitworth and others, who will, doubtless bestir themselves to find the money, for so sanguine are some of them that the museum will take shape that Mr. Chisholm has decided in his own mind what that shape will be and where it will stand. He has fixed upon the south bank of the Thames between Westminster Bridge and Charing Cross Station. The axis, lying at right angle to the river, the building would face south, which all Indian buildings should do. The style of architecture would be pure Gujarathi, one of the happiest amalgamations of Hindu and Moslem art. And Mr. Chisholm has pondered further over the subject and would have the external portion entirely executed by Indians in London, with Indian materials, so that they would have a perfect Indian building and not an echo of one. The shell, however, he would have constructed by Englishmen, so that the workmen of both nations would be benefited. And the cost—between seven and eight hundred thousand pounds—is an amount similar to that to be expended on the London County Council hall. Yet, said Mr. Chisholm, there would be no competition between the two buildings—one might be likened to the beauty and grace of woman ; the other to the strength and wisdom of man—as Tennyson expressed it : "Not like to like, but like in difference ; perfect music set to noble words"—a quotation decidedly inappropriate.

And so the meeting held to discuss the matter ended in harmony, but we do not find that the hat went round or that the Honorary Secretary of the Society was overwhelmed with proferred subscriptions. Altogether there was more of poetry about the proceedings than of practical prose. Mr. Black declared that an Indian museum, in the widest and classical sense, ought to exhibit in the interior and exterior of the shell the unrivalled structural and decorative arts of India, while its exhibits would include the resources and manufactures of all those varieties of climate that are found between the eternal glaciers of the Muztagh on the north and the exuberant shores of Travancore on the south, and from the burning sands of Baluchistan on the west, to the humid valleys of Assam on the east. To the objection that such would be a Government museum, Mr. Black replies: "That is in great measure what we lack—an intelligently organised and glorified exhibition when all that is worth seeing and knowing about India is brought forward and exhibited in the best light for public edification." Indeed, instead of relegating the Museum to the custody of the Minister of English Education, Mr. Black would have it under the control of the Secretary of State. No doubt such an exhibition, such a storehouse of knowledge, constructed on a dignified scale and exhaustively equipped, would appeal to the young with great directness and success. There would be no better way of getting young people to vivify their book knowledge of Indian history and the unlimited resources of the country and quicken their interest in Eastern matters, than for their friends to take them for an afternoon tour through the galleries of the museum. That is so, but we should like to know what the Secretary of State has to say to all this, especially as it is proposed to utilise the site of his present Store Department and remove that to the vicinity of the city and the docks. It is a very excellent idea no doubt, but who is going to find the means of carrying it out? We doubt if the Secretary of State will or if the wealthy people of this country will trouble themselves very much about it.

THE COTTON SITUATION IN BOMBAY.

As a rule it is difficult to arrive at a correct estimate of the stock of cotton in Bombay on a given date, but the estimate of the 1st October last is probably the nearest ever made, as the unsold stock and mill stocks were then so low, that the difficulty of estimation was reduced to a minimum. We may, therefore, infer that the actual stock of cotton on that date in all hands (i.e., mill stocks, exporters' stock and unsold stock) did not exceed 200,000 bales, and that a reliable basis on which to work future estimates was then obtained. Receipts of cotton into Bombay since 1st October have produced a record, and up to the 14th July aggregated 3,112,000 bales. Last year's receipts from 15th July to 30th September were 42,000 bales, and we may safely take it that the receipts this year, during the same period, will not exceed 63,000 bales, thus bringing the total receipts this year to 30th September to 3,175,000 bales. Shipments from 1st October to 14th July reached 1,964,000 bales, and as shipments last year from 15th July to 30th September were 88,000 bales, we may calculate on as much going forward this year ; in fact, things now point to this total being exceeded. At this figure, however, the total shipments to 30th September will be raised to 2,050,000 bales. We now come to the mill consumption and herein lies the crux of our whole estimate. We place this for the year, 1st October, 1909, to 30th September, 1910, at 1,080,000 bales, and in making this estimate we have taken the consumption at 100,000 bales less than it has been in any year since 1905 when the receipts have been on a fair scale. We have also borne in mind that some of the mills were not working during the early part of the year under review, and we have taken into account the loss in weight consequent on using the rain-damaged and inferior cotton which mills have been buying during the last few months, and which represents an increase in consumption of about 5 per cent. during the time it has been used. We, therefore, think no one will cavil at our estimate. The figures for up-country by rail we take at 30,000 bales. Placing the above figures in a tabulated form we arrive at the following :—

| | Bales. | |
|---|---|---|
| Stock of Cotton on 1st October, 1909 ..... | 200,000 | |
| Receipts 1st Oct. 1909 to 30th Sept. 1910 ... | 3,175,000 | |
| | | 3,375,000 |
| Shipments, 1st Oct. 1909 to 30th Sept. 1910. | 2,050,000 | |
| | | 1,325,000 |
| Mill Consumption, 1st Oct. 1909 to 30th Sept. 1910 ... ... ... ... | 1,080,000 | |
| | | 245,000 |
| Up-country by rail 1st Oct. 1909 to 30th Sept. 1910 ... ... ... ... | 30,000 | |
| Stock in Bombay in all hands 1st Oct. 1910 ... ... ... ... ... | 215,000 | |

From the above it will be seen that the stock of cotton on 1st October this year will be practically the same as it was last year, and as our estimate of receipts from now until the 30th September may be taken as the maximum, while our estimate of shipments for same period will be the minimum, the stock will probably be less than the figures we give. It should be remembered that this stock will contain a fair percentage of unmerchantable cotton, as a large amount of more or less rain-damaged stuff has reached our market this year. We can scarcely hope to see new crop cotton available for mills in October as the small arrivals of Bengals which may be expected that month will be chiefly on exporters' account. Mills would therefore do well to replenish their stocks while there is yet time, as cheaper cotton is not in sight, and the chances are distinctly in favour of a rise in the price of ready cotton between now and the end of October. The statistical position of old crop is strong, and the situation points rather to a strengthening of this position than to the chance of any weakening influence intervening, the more so as prices here have lately given way considerably. Regarding new crop it is too early yet to say anything. The crop has made a fairly good start, but the outturn will depend on the progress of the monsoon.

NOVEL EMIGRATION SCHEMES.

Competition for British emigrants seems to be daily growing keener, and the overseas dominions vie with each other in the attractions which they can offer to industrious and skilful workmen from home. The type of man which the colonies want being the same type of man which finds it most easy to get regular employment in his own country, the inducement offered has to be something more than ordinarily attractive and we now find some interesting and novel features in a scheme which the Australian colony of Victoria has prepared in the hope of meeting more successfully the competition in the emigration market which they have experienced lately from the far side of the Atlantic. Realising that the Britisher at home is probably not much attracted by the hardships entailed in the breaking of virgin land, they are desirous of opening to immigrants a large tract of country, where a great deal of development work has already been done, and where the settlers will be by no means entirely cut off from the advantages and conveniences of civilisation. This tract has been cleared of forest for the last thirty-five years, so that many of the difficulties of cultivation in newly opened country will have been removed and it should be well watered by a considerable irrigation scheme which has already provided for a million acres and is to be extended as occasion demands. The colony is ready to receive 6,000 farmers and their wives and families, a population computed at 30,000 and is prepared not only to build them houses but to provide at the same time schools, roads, railways and post-offices. Another new idea is the land settler's ticket now in force between America and Australia and shortly to be extended to the United Kingdom. This enables a prospective settler to visit the new country, before he finally makes up his mind, at half or two-thirds the ordinary fare. The colony lends the money which is re-payable in four years at five per cent. interest. On these lines Victoria has sent two agents to London to conduct an energetic campaign, of which it will be interesting to watch the results.

The Indian community of Simla will give a farewell garden party in honour of the Viceroy and Lady Minto about the middle of September. Their Excellencies have accepted the invitation of the Masonic fraternity, to a ball on Friday, the 16th September.

The "Bombay Government Gazette" contains a further order permitting petrol-motive power to be used on the Matheran Railway.

Major Maxwell Dunn, I.M.S., Burma, becomes Joint Civil Surgeon, Simla, vice Major O'Kinealy.

The Hakims in Madras are taking steps to hold public meetings to protest against the Medical Registration Bill.

A Supplementry Convocation of the Madras University was held on Wednesday, when the Vice-Chancellor presented degrees to 187 candidates.

At their last meeting the Bombay Port Trust decided to recommend the Railway Board to sanction the erection of two weigh-bridges at the Docks at a cost of Rs. 4 680.

The P. and O. Company's s.s. "Arabia," with the homeward mails of the 16th instant, arrived at Aden at 12-30 p.m., on Thursday, the 21st idem.

During the week ended the 19th instant, 17 chests of opium were removed from the warehouse at Bombay, nine for shipment to China, and eight for the farmer at Broach. There was no importation.

In the current number of the "Bombay Government Gazette" the following publications are proscribed :—"The Indian National Songs" printed at Nadiad, two plays 'Barisalchi Dhamdhum' and 'Vaug Vash', printed in Marathi at Baroda."

The total number of deaths registered in Bombay during the week ending July 19th was 703, giving a death-rate of 37·38 per annum per thousand as against 28·18 the corresponding period of last year, and 33·44 the average over the past five years. Of the total number 80 died from fevers; 50, plague; 8, small-pox; 1, measles; 8, cholera; 1, leprosy; 46, phthisis; 50, diseases of the nervous system; 142, affections of the respiratory organs ; 63, diarrhœa ; 33, dysentery ; 33, still-born ; 81, old-age and debility; 21, accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths shows:—Jain, 21 ; Brahmin, 40; Lingaet, 4; Bhattia, 4; Hindu of other caste, 313 ; Hindu low caste, 75 ; Musalman, 162 ; Parsee, 52 ; Jew, 6 ; Native Christian, 34 ; Eurasian, 4 ; European, 7 ; Negro-African, 1 ; The total number of births was 360 as against 338 the corresponding period of last year, and 349 the average over the past five years.

News has been received of the surrender to the Southern Nigerian Government of the chief Nyekive and two hundred followers. The final surrender only occurred after a day's fight with the British, during which Lieutenant Chapman, in command of the advance guard, was killed.

New York is to create another record in skyscraping building. Plans have been prepared and approved for a new hotel in Herald square, which will cost no less than two million pounds to erect. The hotel is to be one of 22 storeys, and its height will exceed that of any already standing in the city.

From Australia comes the news that the "Cambrian" despatched at Hobart, a wireless message to the Admiral at Fremantle, a distance of 1,500 miles. This is a record for the station, and a very good achievement for ship-to-ship work. Shortly afterwards the "Cambrian" was struck by a squall and practically dismasted.

# WOMEN'S INTERESTS.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, JULY 1.

CONFIRMATION OF PRINCE OF WALES.

The Prince of Wales was confirmed at Windsor yesterday by the Archbishop of Canterbury. The youthful heir to the Throne travelled with his parents and Princess Mary and Prince Albert from Paddington, to the Royal Borough. The Queen-Mother, who has not been out in public since the funeral, decided at the last moment, for the sake of a greater privacy, to travel to Windsor by motor-car. Large crowds gathered at various points along the route from Marlborough House to Paddington. King George wore mourning dress, and his two sons were in Naval cadets' uniform. At Windsor, where many members of the Royal Family assembled, there was a luncheon party at the Castle prior to the confirmation. The ceremony of confirmation in the private Chapel of Windsor Castle was beautiful and impressive. Special preparations had been made. The decoratons were on a most lavish scale, the flowers and plants having been brought from the gardens at Frogmore. The Royal pew, which their Majesties use when they attend home service, was occupied by the Royal servants who have been associated with the young Prince. The ceremony was choral, and the officiating clergy were the Archbishop of Canterbury, the Dean of Windsor, the Rev. D. Wright, who prepared His Royal Highness for confirmation. After the ceremony of administering the rite of confirmation, His Grace delivered an eloquent exhortation, the Prince meantime remaining seated on a chair in front of the alter rails. Their Majesties accompanied by the Prince of Wales and the other members of the Royal Family, afterwards returned to the green drawing-room where King George and Queen Mary received those who had been present at the service in the chapel. Queen Alexandra, before returning to London with the King and Queen, visited the Mortuary Chapel, which was beautifully decorated with flowers.

LONDON SCHOOL OF MEDICINE FOR WOMEN.

Mrs. Garret Anderson, M.D., presided yesterday afternoon at a prize-distribution in connection with the London School of Medicine for Women. Dr. Garrat Anderson is the Lady Mayor of Aldeburgh, and is the best known lady doctors of our time. In fact, she was one of the pioneers of women in the field of medicine. Her study of the subject was commenced in 1860, but in those days the Medical Council was less broad-minded than it has since become, and Miss Garret—as she then was—was refused permission to attend the examinations for the degrees of M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. Turning, accordingly, to the Society of Apothecaries, Miss Garrett successfully passed their examinations and took their licence to practise. For her degree of M.D., she studied at the University of Paris, and there obtained it. For over twenty years Dr. Garrett Anderson held the post of Dean of the London School of Medicine for Women, and for twenty-four years she was senior physician to the New Hospital for Women. Devoted to her work Dr. Garrett Anderson finds her chief pleasures in its pursuit, is fond of spending her holidays in travel, and makes gardening her chief hobby.

LADY BALLOONIST.

Though the definite award has not yet been made by the Royal Aero Club, it is believed that the Hon. Mrs. Assheton-Harbord is the winner of the annual balloon race for the Hedges-Butler challenge cup. The race started from Harlingham yesterday, and Mrs. Harbord's balloon Nirvana landed late last night at Beccles, a town in Suffolk, not far from the Norfolk border. The balloon was piloted by Mr. G. F. Pollock, and carried as passengers, besides the Hon. Mrs. Assheton-Harbord, the Hon. E. Brabazon and Mr. David Bingham. The nearest rival to Mrs. Assheton-Harbord was Mr. John Dunville, who got as far as Ipswich. The Hon. Mrs. Assheton-Harbord said yesterday that in none of her previous aerial journeys had she experienced such suitable climatic conditions. "We kept at an average altitude of 10,000 feet, and the air was so clear that the panoramic view of the surrounding country was delightful." She is passionately fond of ballooning but at the same time thinks very highly indeed of the aeroplane. At present, however, she thinks it is eminently more suitable for men. Later on, of course, there is no doubt that women will take up the pastime.

WEDDING SUPERSTITIONS.

Though popular superstitions may lack reason or reasonable explanation, they must have an origin, and this has formed the basis of quite an interesting book by T. Sharper Knowlson "The Origin of Popular Superstition" —(Werner Laurie)—The question of the wedding ring and why it should be placed on the fourth finger of the left hand he traces back to a writer in the British Apollo (1708). "There is nothing more in this" he says "than that the custom was handed down to the present age from the practice of our ancestors, who found the left hand more convenient for sub-ornament than the right in what it is ever less employed. . ." The old-fashioned notion that a shoe should bring luck at a wedding is another superstition curious to explain. "It was in the sense of confirming a sale or exchange, that the Jews understood the removal and giving of a shoe or sandal." In a different sense the removal of a shoe marks the winding up of negotiations among the laws and ordinances given in the book of Deuteronomy, where the widow who is refused marriage by her husband's surviving brother is directed to come unto him in the presence of the elders, and loose his shoe from off his foot, thus asserting her independence and heaping upon him the blame for failure to comply with the law. "In Anglo-Saxon marriages the bride's father delivered her shoe to the bridegroom who touched her on the head with it in token of his authority."

SOME SMART GOWNS WORN AT THE HAYMARKET.

How the stage reflects fashions was shown last night, when "Priscilla Runs Away" was produced at the Haymarket, and the costly dresses worn by the principals might have served as models for society ladies anxious for modes to meet the requirements of half mourning. Miss Helen Hay, in the first act, wore a lovely gown of pale lilac satin charmeuse, with an overdress of the same colour. Miss Francis Ivor had a charming gown of black silk poplin, covered with embroidery right down the front and back, with a collar of the fashionable broderie anglaise. Miss Neilson-Terry, the talented young actress who took the name part, wore a lovely "robe d'interieur" of blue chiffon. The bodice was draped and the skirt, with its broad band of pale blue satin, was closely pleated from the waist. A kimono mantle in chiffon of a deeper blue, and richly embroidered in silver, completed this toilette. Among other pretty things worn by Miss Neilson Terry was a long motor coat of grey cloth to match a dress of fine pearl grey cloth. Large shaded estrich feathers are again fashionable in smart millinery. Deep hems of satin are very much worn, and they add greatly to the appearance of skirts of ninon or crepe-de-chine. Very bright tones of green, royal blue, rose, mustard, or pink are seen in the adorning of otherwise sober little frocks.

FAMILY LIFE.

Can the family life continue quite on the old lines in these changing times? The Bishop of Stepney thinks not. Addressing a conference of secretaries of the Girls' Friendly Society, at Westminster, yesterday, the Bishop said it was not, to his mind, possible that the family could keep together quite on old lines. Amongst the very poor one saw it again and again, for girls were the principal wage-earners in the family circle. One saw it higher up, where girls had educational advantages which 30 or 40 years ago would not have been thought of. Home would require handling with a certain measure of delicacy if it was still to keep its attraction and that most elevating and binding force which belonged to it. Industrial relations were strained, and girls and women were being crushed down in what really had come to be not genuine competition, but competition on most brutal and unequal terms.

SALES.

Most of the big summer sales have started this week, and from quite an early hour battalions of fair bargain-hunters make life very uncomfortable for ordinary pedestrians in the West End. I visited Messrs. Peter Robinson's during the rush hours, tried in vain to get beyond the main entrance. The interior of the huge store was packed to suffocation with a crowd that meant to get to the counters or perish in the attempt. One of the attendants said that a large number of ladies were up betimes and lined up outside the shop waiting for the door to open at eight o'clock. "Several of them I noticed go in then are still busy in some part of the shop," he said ; "others have gone away in taxi-cabs, smiling and happy, surrounded on all sides with packages which must have cost a pretty penny altogether in spite of the big cut in prices. Since the sale started this morning there must have been tons of goods carried away by customers, and several American ladies have actually sent trunks down to be packed with the dozens of purchases they have made.

AMERICAN WOMEN LOVE IT.

"American women just love this bargain-hunting pastime, and they think nothing of ordering half-a-dozen costumes, several blouses, hats, and countless other things which are packed by our people in trunks that are never opened till they reach the other side." Society women with plenty of money are just as eager for a bargain as their poorer sisters, and will often wage desperate battle for the possession of a blouse or a dress length which they have no need for in reality, but mean to have because somebody else has expressed a desire to purchase it.

NECK BANDS.

Now that fashion permits every woman to go about with her neck "naked to the world" —as the Irish Players would say—we are nearly all anxious to adopt a style so simple and comfortable, and even those who do not care for the collarless gowns hesitate to lay themselves open to the suspicion of possessing necks that are not pretty enough to show. Dress and toilet experts have devised a means of bridging over the interval occupied by bleaching, reducing or filling out the unbeautiful neck ; they have produced the "hallucination." A hallucination is something which covers up the neck so that the skin is not seen though apparently quite visible. "It was entirely of pale pink chiffon of a shade to match a perfect skin. It was the shape of a Dutch neck and made to cover the neck and shoulders entirely. It fastened invisibly in the back and when fitted to the customer's throat you would not know that it was not her real skin. Over this hallucination she wore an open lace yoke which was cut in Dutch neck fashion." Another friend to the woman whose neck is imperfect is the veil of chiffon, extra wide and long which comes down from a big hat brim, leaving a great fold round the neck. This is deftly arranged so that it screens the throat without actually hiding and the effect is usually quite lovely.

CLEVER WOMEN.

The Duchess of Marlborough in the course of a speech delivered at Sunderland House, spoke of the splendid type of college-bred woman which America produced. Men had not found that college-bred girls make less devoted wives and mothers. If women were tactful enough not always to worst their husbands in argument and to keep any superabundance of knowledge up their sleeves there seemed to be little opposition on a husband's part to his wife being well educated. It was difficult to comprehend why there should be such rooted objection on the part of Englishmen to the higher education of their wives. There must be some secret fear that had as they found it to understand a woman now, it would be absolutely beyond their ken were she highly educated.

## REVENUE OFFICERS AND RYOTS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I have read with interest your remarks on the Report of the Director of Land Records. The complaint therein made regarding the indifference of the lower Revenue officials including the Mamlatdars is unfortunately too true. The Mamlatdars of the old type who, though they had not passed examinations, were really hard-working conscientious officials, have passed away and have been succeeded by men most of whom think that they are not born or destined to work hard, that it is their prerogative to make the most of the powers wielded by them and to take as little trouble as possible. The Mamlatdar's Karkuns and the Circle Inspectors and the Talatis, with a few exceptions, think that there is nobody to call them to account, and that they can lord it over the poor ryots with impunity. There are only a few conscientious officers who patiently listen to the complaints of the ryots; the remedy lies in the Assistant Collectors themselves examining the records of the subordinate officials as Mr. Pratt himself used to do, and coming down sharply upon those found guilty of superficial enquiry, or of neglect of duty. How many 'rumars' remain unanswered by the Talatis and Patels! Yours, etc.,

REVENUE OFFICIAL.

## "THE GOLDEN AGE."

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I beg to draw your kind-hearted readers' attention to a very excellent English society called The Order of the Golden Age, 153-155, Brompton Road, London, S. W. It aims at freeing mankind from disease, drunkenness, poverty and criminal tendencies, and the animal creation from various diabolical cruelties suffered by them at present in railway trains, cattle boats, markets and slaughter-houses.

Among its most enthusiastic supporters are Sir William E. Cooper, C. I. E., the Rev. A. M. Mitchell, M. A., Dr. Josiah Oldfield, D. C. L., M. A., L.R.C.P., M.R.C.S., Capt. Walter Carey, R. N., and Dr. Robert Bell, M.D., F.F.P.S.

I have personally seen and talked with Mr. Sidney H. Beard, the founder and president of the above mentioned Society, and at that time I felt that I was in the sacred presence of a great Englishman whose one ambition in life is the salvation of the world from pain and misery.

In conclusion I pray that Indian humanitarians of all communities may kindly study the work of the Order of the Golden Age, and become its active members.—Yours, etc.,

LABHSHUNKAR LAXMIDAS.

Junagad, July 19.

## PRISON REFORM AT HOME.

### LECTURES AND CONCERTS FOR CONVICTS.

### Ticket of Leave System to be Abolished.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JULY 21.

Speaking in the House of Commons, Mr. Churchill forecasted a Bill, allowing persons with fixed abodes time to pay fines instead of immediate committal in default. It should, he said, be the first care of the Home Secretary to prevent people getting into prison at all. A system was being considered, whereby youths convicted of rowdyism and boisterousness should instead of being imprisoned, undergo some form of corrective physical instruction. He had given instructions that people imprisoned as passive resisters or suffragists should be relieved of unnecessary degradation. As regards general prisoners, lectures and concerts would be provided four times yearly. The system of ticket of leave would be ended, and charitable societies and not the police would undertake the supervision required. He mentioned that the King on his accession had struck off five hundred years' imprisonment in the cases of eleven thousand persons.

## THE SAVARKAR INCIDENT.

LONDON, JULY 20.

Reuter understands that Great Britain has made no reply yet to the French communication regarding Savarkar.

LONDON, JULY 21.

It is explained in Paris that the French Government merely asked for a postponement of the trial of Savarkar until the circumstances of his flight and re-arrest had been cleared up.

## REACTIONARY CONSPIRACY IN TURKEY.

### Series of Mysterious Arrests.

LONDON, JULY 20.

Reuter wires from Constantinople that a series of mysterious arrests has culminated in the apprehension of Riza Nour, Deputy for Sinope.

An official communique says a conspiracy has been discovered for the massacre of Ministers, the election of a new Parliament and the reinstatement of dismissed officials.

Public opinion thinks that the arrests are merely a high-handed method of dealing with opponents of the existing regime.

## THE CORONATION.

### Proclamation Ceremony.

LONDON, JULY 20.

The ceremonial of proclaiming the Coronation at St. James's will take place to-morrow, and will be very similar to the Accession Proclamation by the King-of-Arms, Heralds and other dignitaries. A procession will afterwards march to Charing Cross, Temple Bar, and the Royal Exchange, proclaiming the Coronation at each place.

LONDON, JULY 21.

Crowds were present at to-day's ceremony. The Duke of Connaught witnessed the procession from a special platform from Marlborough, House, while Their Majesties watched unseen. There were fanfares of trumpets, and the King-of-Arms escorted by the Life Guards and Heralds proclaimed the Coronation upon a day in June. The ceremony was repeated at other points.

## PROCLAIMED DISTRICT IN THE PUNJAB.

### Question in the House.

LONDON, JULY 20.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Montagu replying to Mr. Keir Hardie, said that Lord Morley was satisfied that the proclamation of the Rohtak district of the Punjab was fully justified.

Asked whether the meetings were political or religious, Mr. Montagu replied: "In India religious meetings very often become political."

## ARTILLERY MEMORIAL.

### Solemn Ceremony at St. Paul's.

LONDON, JULY 20.

The Memorial Service in St. Paul's to-day for the members of the Royal Artillery, who fell in South Africa, was a solemn and stately ceremony, attended by great military display. The Duke of Connaught pressed the electric button in St. Paul's, unveiling the memorial in the Mall.

King Edward had intended to unveil this memorial to mark the gallantry of the Artillery.

## JAPANESE WARSHIP IN THE THAMES.

LONDON, JULY 20.

Prince Arthur of Connaught presided at a luncheon at the Japanese Exhibition, in honour of the officers of the "Ikoma." He heartily welcomed the representatives of the navy of an allied nation. M. Kato and others replied in appropriate terms.

## GREAT RAILWAY STRIKE IN ENGLAND.

### 25,000 People Affected.

### MINES FORCED TO CLOSE.

[SPECIAL REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JULY 20.

Twenty-five thousand people are affected by the North-Eastern Railway strike. Officials and strikers met this evening, and there is good hope of a settlement.

LONDON, JULY 21.

A Conference of North-Eastern Railway officials and strikers yesterday evening proved abortive.

Mines are being shut down.

The strike was most sudden, and commenced without the knowledge of the Trades Union Officials. It was due to the suspension of a shunter for insubordination. The men complained that the officials are adopting the American system of speeding up work.

## POLITICS IN SPAIN.

### Heated Debate in the Chamber.

LONDON, JULY 21.

Advices from Madrid state that after a heated debate extending over weeks during which the burning questions like the execution of Ferrier and the policy towards the Vatican and the Melilla campaign were discussed, the Chamber passed a vote of confidence in the Government by adopting an address to the Throne by 182 votes to 81.

## THE ACCESSION DECLARATION.

### Threatened Liberal Revolt.

LONDON, JULY 21.

The agitation against the new Accession declaration is increasing. Nonconformist and Scottish members of the House of Commons are threatening revolt unless it is altered.

## BRADFIELD COLLEGE.

### New Headmaster Appointed.

LONDON, JULY 21.

Reverend Costley White from Rugby has been appointed Headmaster to Bradfield College.

## UNREST IN ABYSSINIA.

LONDON, JULY 21.

Dispatches from Addis Abeba has reached Rome reporting that grave unrest exists in the Eastern Provinces towards the borders of the Abyssinian Sudan and the Upper Nile. Serious agitation is also reported in the province of Agaden.

## THE PORTUGUESE AT KOLOWAN.

### Forty-four Pirates Captured.

LONDON, JULY 21.

Advices from Lisbon state that the Portuguese have gained the upper hand at Colowan and have liberated sixteen persons who had been kept prisoners. Forty-four pirates have been captured.

## KIRKDALE BYE-ELECTION.

LONDON, JULY 20.

The bye-election in the Kirkdale Division of Liverpool has resulted as follows:—

Colonel Kyffin-Taylor (Unionist)...4,268
Cameron (Labour).....3,427

No change.

The result of the last election in the Division; the bye-election of September 1907, was as follows:—

Charles MacArthur (C).....4,000
J. Hill (Lab).....3,330

## FOOTBALL IN NEW ZEALAND.

LONDON, JULY 20.

The Northern Union has beaten the Maori Rugby team at Auckland, by 29 points to nil.

## COUNTY CRICKET.

LONDON, JULY 20.

Warwickshire has beaten Gloucester at Birmingham, by nine wickets.

The following matches were abandoned: Middlesex vs. Lancashire, Surrey vs. Sussex Kent vs. Northampton and Yorkshire vs. Notts.

## OBITUARY.

LONDON, JULY 21.

Dr. Carruthers, the ex-Mycologist in Ceylon has died at Trinidad.

[John Bennett Carruthers, F.R.S.E., F.L.S., was the Director of Agriculture and Government Botanist, Federated Malay States, since 1905. He was born in 1869. He was Demonstrator of Botany, Royal Veterinary College, London, 1893; Professor of Botany, College of Agriculture, Downton, Hants, 1895; was employed on a special mission by the Colonial Government and Ceylon Planters' Association to investigate a serious disease of the cacao tree, 1899; he discovered the fungus causing the disease and laid down measures for its prevention and cure, which have been generally adopted; he was appointed by Mr. Chamberlain Government Mycologist and Assistant Director, Royal Botanic Gardens, Ceylon, 1900. He published numerous papers on algæ, mycology, plant pathology, etc., in the journals of the Linnean Society, Royal Agricultural Society, Royal Horticultural Society, and in the "Tropical Agriculturist," "Contemporary Review, etc."]

## ANTI-SUFFRAGE CAMPAIGN.

### £100,000 Wanted.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JULY 21.

The National Anti-Woman-Suffrage League, which has been formed, appeals for a fund of one hundred thousand sterling. The signatories include the Dukes of Argyll, Norfolk and Devonshire, Lords Lansdowne, Cromer, Roberts, and Rothschild, Mr. Joseph Chamberlain and Mr. Rudyard Kipling.

## CROPS IN FRANCE.

### Agricultural Crisis Feared.

LONDON, JULY 21.

There is anxiety as to the grain crops and vineyards in France owing to the recent thunderstorms, and an agricultural crisis is feared.

## MILK AND BUTTER SUPPLY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JULY 21.

A resolution, on the conditions under which milk and butter is produced, by the U. P. Government, deals with the recommendations made by the Cattle Conference held at Naini Tal in August last, when a suggestion was made, that municipal enterprise might be directed towards effecting some reform. The Conference proposed that the municipalities should provide pasturage facilities out of the municipal funds if need be, and that they should encourage private dairies by giving pasturage facilities at cost price. The Lieut. Governor sees no harm in the Municipal Boards providing general grazing grounds, where such grounds are not readily available, for which fees should be charged, but His Honour thinks that charges of favouritism might be raised if special facilities were given to any particular dairy companies. A further recommendation was, that railways should give favourable rates and special facilities for the transport of milk, and private association near the railway stations for the supply of milk by rail should be encouraged. This the Lieutenant-Governor regards as a more hopeful solution of the difficulty, rather than the encouragement of the milk production within municipal limits. The railway freight rates are so high at present, as to be prohibitive for such traffic, and His Honour is going to approach the Railway Board with the object of concessions being granted for milk carriage.

## EASTERN BENGAL WATERWAYS.

### Improvement Scheme.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JULY 21.

Improving of the waterways of Eastern Bengal and Assam, has been occupying attention for some time past. Mr. White, the Superintending Engineer, placed on special duty in this matter, has submitted a preliminary report, which forms the basis of a programme of improvements which will be carried out as projects are prepared and funds are available for the works. For 1910-11 over one lakh is provided and this will be used to cover subsidies to steamer companies for dredging operations and for spur work on the Buriganga and Dhalesari rivers, on Karnafuli near Bangamati, and on Upper Bramaputra near Dibrugarh, and for removing obstructions in some of the navigable rivers in Upper Assam.

## ANOTHER PASTEUR INSTITUTE.

### Proposed for Eastern Bengal.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JULY 21.

For the proposed establishment of a Pasteur Institute in Eastern Bengal and Assam, the Government have written to the Assam Branch of the Indian Tea Association. The scheme would have to be approved by a Financial Committee, and depends upon the amount of public support, both in contributions for maintenance, and first cost. The Tea Association was asked to report, what amounts would be forthcoming from members of the commercial bodies and private firms in Calcutta. When this information is forthcoming, the Lieutenant Governor will consider whether it is practicable to proceed further in the matter.

## PROPOSED FLOATING POLICE-STATIONS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JULY 21.

In face of the constant occurrences of boat dacoits and robberies under arms in the waterways of Eastern Bengal the Government is taking steps to organize a special police force for river work, and has set aside two lakhs for expenditure this year. It is proposed to establish floating police-stations at carefully selected points along the river and channels, with patrol vessels with defined areas of operation, over which they will constantly travel. During the rainy season, large sums of money will be despatched from place to place to finance the jute industry, and special temporary arrangements will be there for protecting these.

## NO TRACE OF ARABINDO GHOSE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 21.

The police have not yet succeeded in tracing the whereabouts of Arabindo Ghose. His sister Sarojini Ghose is now staying at Deoghur, and the police are watching her movements. Her complaints against the police espionage are published in the Calcutta Indian papers.

## HEAVY RAIN AT COOCH BEHAR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 21.

Since the 14th instant there has been continuous rainfall in Cooch Behar. For three days and nights the whole state was flooded, doing great damage to houses, property and crops.

THE case of Hemraj who was arrested under the sedition section has been postponed.

## THE BOARD OF FORESTRY.

### Programme of Research Work.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 21.

The proceedings of the Board of Forestry held at Dehra Dun between 31st March and 6th April last, has been published, when the triennial programme of the research work for the period 1910 to 1913 was adopted. This embraces a large variety of subjects including certain matters connected with sal trees, investigations into the best method of cutting and working samboos, cultivation of trees for the growth of lac, the study of teak and of fungoid diseases affecting blue pine in the Punjab and casuarina in Madras, also of spike disease of sandal in Madras. The interesting enquiries by the Forest Economist will be undertaken into grass pulp for paper-making purposes. He will also report upon the sites of factories and financial prospect of business.

Among other matters, he will keep under observation and encourage the match business in India which is already started but which is still not firmly established; carry out investigations regarding wood suitable for (1) packing cases, (2) boxes, (3) opium chests, (4) paving blocks, (5) railway-stock, (6) carriage building, (7) harbour construction, (8) other miscellaneous purposes such as pencils, pipes, hair brushes, fishing-rods, etc., and also make an inquiry into the subject of useful fibres.

The Board strongly urged for the formation of a separate Imperial cadre for the Imperial Forest Research Institute and College on the lines similar to those of a cadre of a province. In the opinion of this Board it is desirable that (1) a separate cadre be formed for the Research Institute and College on the lines similar to those of the cadre of a province with allowance for leave vacancies; (2) once officers join this cadre and prove suitable for research or educational work their services should, as a rule, be retained on it for the greater part of it, if not their entire service; the Officers of the Forest service should be paid their incremental pay with local allowance until such time as any officer below them on the general list is appointed substantively or temporarily to the administrative grades and they should then be granted the pay of such officer with or without local allowance; (3) the owners on this cadre who are employed as instructors should be encouraged at the same time to take up some special branch of research so that they may qualify themselves to replace at least temporarily the research officer in this branch: (4) this cadre should be recruited: (a) by transfer from provincial cadres, (b) direct appointment of experts who are not members of the Forest Department on average pay which would generally be lower than that of the officers of the Forest Department and which would thus be a certain set off against the additional expenditure entailed by the proposal that the Forest officers on the new cadre should draw the pay of administrative grades on their seniority and efficiency rendering them eligible for such. On the question of necessity for an Agent in England to answer enquiries regarding Indian forest products, to receive samples of timbers, etc. and to generally push trade in forest products. The Board are of opinion that the appointment of an Agent in England is desirable and that he might be paid partly by commission on the results obtained. The Agent should be in close touch with the Imperial Forest Economist. Among other questions discussed were the standardisation of tree measurements, the Research Institute publication, the inclusion of the Divisional Forest Officers into the Board of Forestry and the holding of the next session of the Board.

Mr. Clutterbuck suggested a number of subjects suitable for discussion and proposed that the Conference be held at Allahabad between December 1910 and February 1911, during which the United Provinces Exhibition will be open. After discussing the proposal it was agreed that the time has hardly come for a General Conference of Forest Officers. It was resolved:—"That a large number of subjects have been discussed by the present Board and it is considered advisable to wait some time before inviting Forest Officers to attend such a Conference as that suggested."

## ILLICIT FIRE-ARMS AND AMMUNITION.

### Bengali Suspects Abscond.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 21.

On the receipt of information that two Bengalee youths belonging to a terrorist society had arrived in Calcutta on a mission of a sinister nature, the police went to arrest them in a house in the northern quarter of the city. On reaching there the police heard that they had already absconded. The house being searched the police found two new pattern revolvers and portions of several fire-arms, including four gun barrels gunstocks and 200 rounds of ammunition of all sizes.

## BURMA PRESS TELEGRAMS.

### Rates Reduced.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 21.

With effect from 4th April last, the rate for Press telegrams exchanged between India and Burma on the one side and Aden and Perim on the other, via Bombay, have been reduced from 8 annas to 6 annas per word.

## BARDIC CHORNICLES IN INDIA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 21.

At the instance of the Asiatic Society of Bengal, a Committee has been organised in Marwar, with Rao Shukhdeo Prasad Bahadur, C.I.E., Prime Minister of the State, as President, with a view to collect material for the purpose of the conservation of bardic chronicles in India.

## "FACING THE MUSIC."

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 21.

The following is the cast of a three act comedy entitled "Facing the Music" which the Simla A. D. C. will produce for the first time on Saturday:—The Rev. John Smith, Mr. Casson, John Smith, Mr. O'Hara; Dick Desmond, Capt. Gray; Colonel Duncan Smith, Major Ridgway; Sergeant Duffell, Colonel M. Moore; Mabel, Mrs. Woodman; Nora, Mrs. Nicoll; Miss Fotheringay, Miss Tucker; and Miss Pointing, Miss Gibbons.

## SOUTH INDIAN INDUSTRIALS.

### Reduction of Capital Sanctioned.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JULY 21.

Before the Chief Justice in the High Court today, on behalf of the South Indian Industrials, Limited and Reduced, Mr. C. F. Napier moved for an order confirming the resolution passed at an extraordinary general meeting on 12th April last that the Company be reduced from Rs. 50 lakhs to Rs. 33 lakhs and that such a reduction be effected by cancelling the paid up capital which had been lost or was unrepresented by the available assets to the extent of Rs. 80 per share on each ordinary share, reducing the normal amount of ordinary shares from Rs. 100 to Rs. 20 each, so that the Company could start on a dividend-paying basis. Sir Henry King intimated that he represented the debenture-holders under a power of attorney.

Mr. Napier said that the property of the Company had been revalued on several occasions and that there was an affidavit giving the correct valuation of assets. The whole capital having been paid up there were no funds against which the creditors could come in the outside ordinary assets of the Company, therefore the creditors would not be affected in any way. He added that Sir Henry King on behalf of the debenture-holders (Rs. 30,000 by Miss Arbuthnot and Rs. 7 lakhs by Messrs. Arbuthnot Latham and Co.) consented to the reduction as did also Mr. Hajee Ismail Sait and Messrs. Haji Fakir Mahomed Sait and Sons to whom the Company was indebted to the extent of Rs. 12 lakhs. That would dispose of an enormous majority of the creditors. Other creditors fell under two classes, viz, security deposits of employes and ordinary trade creditors whose claims amounted to about Rs. 25,000. These creditors had no right to object, and Counsel, therefore, prayed that an order might be made under section 17 of the Indian Companies Act.

His Lordship made an order as prayed for confirming the resolution.

## DERA GHAZI KHAN.

### Part of the City Washed Away.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JULY 21.

The latest information from Dera Ghazi Khan for the week ending 14th instant states that there is still very extensive erosions on the city front which washed away on an average about 100 feet per diem. Practically one-third of the City has gone and the bunds protecting the City have been very seriously injured.

## RUNNING TRAIN THEFTS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 21.

Another running train theft is reported on the Eastern Bengal State Railway. An up-country Mahomedan passenger by No. 48 Down passenger train from Saraghat shortly after leaving Sara fell asleep leaving a tin trunk containing clothes, ornaments and cash amounting in all to Rs. 500. The trunk was rifled of its contents and valuables stolen. On arrival of the train at Poradah, complainant reported the matter to the Police. The Government Police of Barrackpore are enquiring into the matter, but no arrests have yet been made.

## BOYCOTT DAY IN CALCUTTA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 21.

Contrary to the statement made last week arrangements are in progress to observe the Boycott celebration this year and the "Sanjibani," edited by Krishna Kumar Mitter, states that Ambica Churan Mazumdar of Faridpur has consented to preside.

## BENGALI ZEMINDAR IN TROUBLE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 21.

The young zemindar of Singur by name Priya Nath Burman who was re-arrested at the instance of the Hooghly district police in connection with the dacoity case after he had been released on bail by the Sub-divisional Officer of Serampore has again been enlarged on substantial bail.

## ARTESIAN SPRING AT KARNAL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JULY 21.

The Lieut-Governor of the Punjab on his journey from Simla to Delhi stopped at Karnal and inspected the extensions of the Karnal distillery. The interesting feature of these extensions was the discovery of a sub-artesian spring at a depth of 150 feet. The water rises to within 25 feet of the ground level and gives a practically inexhaustible supply.

## KING EDWARD MEMORIAL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JULY 21.

The Lieut-Governor of the Punjab will hold a King Edward Memorial Fund meeting at Delhi on 25th July and at Lahore on 30th July.

## CHOLERA IN KASHMIR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JULY 21.

The official return of the cholera epidemic in Kashmir to 17th instant are: total seizures, 1,198, total deaths 658.

## PARCEL CONTAINING AMMUNITION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 21.

The police have taken possession of a parcel at Barisal station containing a quantity of ammunition, alleged to have been consigned to Shaikh Karban Ali of Nalmuri.

MAJOR HEARD, I.M.S., Professor, Medical College, has been permitted to visit the hospitals in Bombay and Madras during the college vacations.

## CHAT ABOUT BOOKS.

Messrs. A. and C. Black, who were the pioneers of the colour-book in its popular form are about to issue a new series of these topographical monographs, dealing with the beauties and antiquities of Russia. The first volume is a description of St. Petersburg, written by Mr. G Dobson, with a large number of beautiful and characteristic colour-picture by Mr. F. de Haenen. Other volumes in the series will be announced very shortly.

The Valley of Aosta is one of the beauty spots of the world, as much admired for its historical associations as for its exquisite natural feature. Every side of its charm is, we are assured, to be treated in a work, announced by Messrs. G. P. Putnam's Sons, entitled, "The Valley of Aosta," and written by Mr. Felice Ferrero. The author is a brother of Guglielmo Ferrero, the distinguished author of "The Greatness and Decline of Rome," which Mr. Heinemann recently published with such remarkable success. The present book is founded upon laborious research, but hope, to wear its learning with a light heart, and touch the human even more than the academic aspect of its attractive theme.

Sir Horace Plunkett, whose labours on behalf of Irish agriculture are universally recognised, has an equal knowledge of rural conditions in the United States, where he owns an extensive ranch, upon which he has been accustomed to spend a certain amount of time in every year. His experience of the advantages and drawbacks of American agricultural life has suggested the publication of a book of essays upon the subject, which Messrs. Macmillan and Co. expect to have ready before the summer seasons run to a close. The book is to be called "The Rural Life Problem in the United States," and the evidence supplied will have obvious reference to the state of agriculture in our own country, and in Ireland as well.

It is characteristic of the thoroughness which marks the undertakings of Messrs. Smith, Elder and Co. that the Dictionary of National Biography is not to be allowed to lie fallow. That large and increasing public, which sets its proper value upon this fine literary Valhalla of English life and character, will learn with satisfaction that Mr. Sidney Lee is once more in his editorial chair in Waterloo-place, and that a further supplement of three volumes will soon be in active preparation. The lamented close of the Edwardian era has prompted this fresh addition to the already lengthy regiment of volumes and the record will now be increased, so as to include biographies of all the noteworthy people who died during the reign of the late King. Nearly two years will be required for the completion of the work, but early in 1912 it is hoped that the further instalment of the Dictionary will be in the hands of subscribers.

The abiding interest in the English Civil War is continually emerging in fresh literary ventures, and local historians were never busier in hunting up the traditions of their district with regard to the great struggle between King and Parliament. An important addition to this kind of literature will be published by the Chiswick Press during the course of August, the author being Mr. Charles Thomas-Stanford, vice-chairman of the council of the Sussex Archæological Society. His book is to be called "Sussex in the Civil War and the Interregnum (1642-1660)," and the learned author has gone direct to local documents for the new material which he hopes to make accessible. A chapter is given to the siege of Arundel, and another to the position of the Royalist landlords during the war, while much interest will be centred in the graphic account of the sufferings of the clergy under the Revolution. The work will be fully illustrated, and will contain a complete series of maps.

"The Story of the Oar" (Horace Cox, 1s) is the title which Lord Desborough gives to a lecture delivered by him to the Philosophical Institution of Edinburgh last February, and now reprinted as a convenient handbook from the report issued in the "Field." Lord Desborough, whom his Oxford friends knew as W. H. Grenfell of Balliol, is an acknowledged authority on all matters connected with rowing and has been himself a doughty champion of the oar. His lecture is a very interesting history of the gradual development of rowing-boats. He especially concerns himself with the ancient specimens, which come down to us in sculpture and bas-reliefs from Egypt, Phœnicia, Greece, and Rome, and his reconstruction of the trireme after the models of Dr. Warre and German commentators, is an admirable piece of historical criticism. The whole lecture is a valuable study of ancient documents, written in an easy and popular style.

Lord Coleridge has written a very suggestive appeal on behalf of the Poetry Society, of which he is president. Lord Coleridge reminds us that the society has been founded "to nourish the love of poetry in the heart of man," and also to promote a more general recognition and appreciation of poetry by encouraging the public and private reading of it. In short, it is an effort to stimulate the imaginative faculty in the nation. Its success must depend upon the support it receives, and Lord Coleridge now pleads for a wider recognition of aims so healthy and beneficent. The present contribution necessary to establish the donor as an ordinary member, is no more than 5s a year; for honorary members the annual subscription is a guinea, and the payment of a lump sum of ten guineas constitutes the giver a life member of the society. Great encouragement has been received from the Colonies, and many local gatherings have been held, where poetry has been recited and the principles of the poetic art have been discussed. We feel sure that support will not be wanting to make the movement a complete success.

The splendid volumes which Mr. Philip Lee-Warner has been producing for the Medici-Society have constituted one of the most encouraging features in recent publishing. So long as books so thoroughly well equipped are properly appreciated, it is vain to pretend that the demand for cheap books has entirely destroyed the love of cultured people for cultured and dignified production. Mr. Lee-Warner has now in contemplation what is likely to prove one of the most valuable of his undertakings. This is a new translation of Vasari's "Lives of the Painters," a special feature of which will be the elaborate series of illustrations, some in colour, and some in half-tone, representing the best work of the various artists discussed. It is unnecessary to emphasize the scope which this particular work gives for illustration of this kind, and the ten handsome volumes of which the edition is to consist should prove an invaluable reinforcement to the bookshelves of the true book-lover.

## PLANTER AND HIS WIFE TURN MAHOMEDAN.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 21.

A Nilgiri planter, by the name of Norman, has become a Mahomedan at Calicut, and his wife has also joined that religion.

## MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 21.

Royal Army Medical Corps Specialists.—Lieut. F. J. Stuart, 7th (Meerut) Divn., has been appointed Specialist in (B) Dermatology.

Lieut. Dodd, 31st Lancers, is appointed to the Southern Waziristan Militia.

Colonel W. G. King, C.I.E., Indian Medical Service, has been permitted to retire from the 25th May, 1910.

Lieut. J. D. Braneker, aide-de-camp to General Debrath at Aden is posted to No. 1 Mountain Battery at Jutogh.

Captain Baird, 12th Cavalry, is appointed Brigade Major to the Inspector General of Cavalry for the ensuing cold season.

Lieutenant A. Beckett No. 3 Mountain Battery is transferred to No. 94 Company, Royal Garrison Artillery at Agra.

Captain R. C. Wilson, 114th Mahrattas, is appointed Station Staff Officer, 1st class, at Poona.

Captain Jackson, Royal Lancaster Regiment is appointed Assistant Military Secretary to General Sir A. Hunter, Government of Gibraltar.

## THE PUNISHMENT OF CRIMINALS.

### Standardising Criminal Sentences.

By way of supplement to the convict's bitter indictment of imprisonment, upon which we made some comments, a short time ago, Dr. Whitby publishes an article in the "Hibbert Journal," the purport of which is to find an answer to the question, Is punishment a crime? While the general drift of the Doctor's argument is against the principle of our present system, he misses the fundamental points of the true problem. His chief position is that many criminals are altogether, or partially irresponsible; it is therefore unjust to punish them. Such instances, as he gives, of extreme cases, are already provided for by the criminal law. Judges and juries are only too ready to listen to a plea of insanity; and if Dr. Whitby could satisfy them of the truth of his facts, no court would convict. When he deals with the weak minded, or as their fellow prisoners in every gaol call them "Balmies"—and the percentage appears to be about 20 to the hundred in large jails—his case is not clear. It appears that he leans to the view that medical treatment, and not punishment is needed in their cases, as well as in dealing with men who commit crime in a state of complete irresponsibility. But he does not appear to see the real difficulty, which lies in answering the radical question whether we ought to "punish" crime at all? We put forward a principle, for the consideration of thinking men when we last dealt with this subject, that the criminal courts should be confined to eliminating the incorrigible criminal altogether: while the casual criminal should be made to make compensation, where that is possible, or should not be punished at all. Obviously there are a hundred, may be a thousand objections, hinging chiefly on details, which might and ought to be advanced, before adopting so radical and revolutionary a principle. Nevertheless, could, we depend upon science, the science of the future, to detect infallibly the born criminal, most of the more obvious difficulties would be swept away. For when a born criminal has once committed a crime, it would be certain that he would, on release, from incarceration, commit another; just as the tamed, or half-tamed wild animal, once it has tasted blood can never be trusted again. Note that the born criminal is not convicted merely because he is a born criminal, we do not advocate submitting the entire population to the scientific experts of psycho-physical criminology, on a "quis times" principle. It is always possible that a man born with the criminal tendency may succeed in controlling it. It is only when he has failed to do so, and has once given it a free rein, that the aid of science should be invoked, and the courts assured that he is virtually irreclaimable, and had better be at once eliminated. All actual experience points the same way. The manner in which our judges deal with habituals, is a grave reflection on the inability of Society to grasp a perfectly plain principle. For, while, the judges themselves fail to give effect to it in practice, they merely exemplify the generally diffused cloudiness of thought, and the infection of sentiment, which prevents the very simple basic truth being clearly seen. Every one remembers that so acute a mind as Mr. Labouchere, frequently devoted his pillory to vehement denunciations of judges who had inflicted very heavy sentences for very trivial offences, because the offenders were shown to be habituals. The judges were perfectly right, and Mr. Labouchere was entirely wrong. His confusion of thought, like that of almost everybody who thinks about this subject at all, is rooted in the primitive feeling that sentences are the punishment of the crime.

If we turn to the latest example, the report on the Bombay Jails, we find the same irritating want of clarity. The Inspector General calls peremptorily for more deterrent sentences on old offenders, and it would seem that the Government is in complete accord with his demand. It ought to be obvious to every one that the elimination of irreclaimables, has nothing to do with deterring those who are not yet criminals from following in their footsteps. It is as senseless to give an old offender ten or fourteen years for stealing for the tenth time, an umbrella, or a dhoti as it is to give him a week. The heavy sentence will no more deter him, or his congeners, who "ex-necessitate naturæ," will be thieves as long as they live and are at large, than the light. And as long as we allow our minds to dwell on the deterrent efficacy of heavy sentences, we shall be consciously or unconsciously committed to an acceptance of punishment as a proper motive for inflicting criminal sentences. Dr. Whitby is strongly, and we think rightly, opposed to allowing that motive any play at all. As soon as we analyze the popular concept of criminal sentences, we shall find that it contains three dominant motives, two of which are closely allied, and equally indefensible, the third, a mere canting salve of over tender consciences vaguely troubled at the gratification of ignoble and morally indefensible impulses.

First, the analysis reveals the persistence of man's primitive, we might almost in this humanitarian age call it, savage, desire for vengeance. If a man strikes you, your instinct is to hit him back. If you are unable to do this because he is stronger or better armed than yourself, you feel a sense of injury, and you appeal to more men like yourself, Society, to give you redress. Society thrusts the mechanism of its courts, hits back and very much harder than you could hope to do. You are thus avenged on the wrong-doer. It is hardly necessary to point out that the greater number of citizens who tacitly accept and act upon this view, (although when coldly formulated they would probably repudiate it) are orthodox Christians. The fact that not only they but the whole body of the clergy, their spiritual teachers contentedly acquiesce, in a system of legalized vengeance—who doubts that a clergyman or even a Bishop, when assaulted or robbed would hesitate to set the law in motion? Is a curious commentary on a text often in their mouths, "Vengeance is mine saith the Lord"? We do not seek their alliance, it is enough to draw attention to this instance among many of a peculiarly glaring inconsistency. The controlling influence of religious professions counts for little, when they conflict with obstinate secular instincts. Second, [illegible] way of softening the harshness of the [illegible] revenge, we unearth the fashionable and [illegible] plausible motive of the need of deterring criminals from committing crimes. Ri[illegible] preciated this means that you will [illegible] punish A for stealing your purse, out of all[illegible] tion to the injury done, you, so that [illegible] be deterred from robbing your bank. [illegible] the one case the inexcusable instinct of pe[illegible] revenge, so here, the more sordid instin[illegible] protecting your property is the root of the mo[illegible] And what of the means? Could anything be mo[illegible] unjust, and practically more senseless, if there i[illegible] anything at all in the scientific explanation of crime? Punishing the relatively innocent for the possible future sins of others would hardly commend itself in cold blood to any just, fair-minded man. More particularly were he convinced, that the barbarity were predestined to failure, and would not deter those who cannot be deterred, because of the vice of their mentality. Third, we come in sight of the typical canting motive, that the object of punishment is the cure, or reformation of the offender. If those who talk and write so glibly upon this agreeable theme could produce a single victim of imprisonment who has been "cured" or "reformed" or even improved by ten years' penal servitude, we would go further to see and question him, than any Centaur, Phœnix or Mermaid. The notion is preposterous. No man ever yet has been, will be, or by any stretch of the imagination conceivably could be raised morally, by undergoing a servitude compared with which the worst forms of African slavery were humane, and pleasant. The prisoner sentenced to penal servitude, must for a time at least, neglecting the degrading physical and moral conditions, be treated far worse than any caged beast. Having thus got a clear view of the true contents of the notion of imprisonment for crime, the practical question presses insistently on philosophic humanity, what can be done? Is any remedy possible? No one who has devoted much real thought to the existing system can doubt that in many points it is radically bad. Nor is it likely to be bettered by merely conventional platitudes, dealing with the improvement of our jail system, the increased kindness with which prisoners are treated, its curative and educational uses. Let us have done with these silly phrases. If we are to punish at all, we do not want the punishment to be agreeable: if punishment is really to be a discipline, there must be no attendant diagrace, leaving an indelible stain on the character of the victim, and segregating him as a parish thenceforth

ward from participation in healthy social life. Let us begin by asking whether we must or ought to punish at all?

It may be said that we answered that question in the affirmative, when we hazarded our general principle. Eliminate the unassimilable, but do not punish the casual criminal. Here it is well to be on guard against confounding the contents of these terms. It is one thing to protect yourself against violence, and quite another to punish. Nor does it necessarily follow that any system of punishing by anticipation, and vicariously, will provide the required protection. As to the right of Society to protect itself against violence, which is merely an extension of the right of the individual to protect his person, everyone will agree that it is necessary and indefeasible. The casuist may interpose that while the broad line of cleavage suggested accepts prophylactic punishment in the one case, the born criminal, it altogether refuses to consider it in the other, the casual criminal. But there is a plain difference. You do not punish the casual criminal, prophylactically at all, to prevent him repeating the offence, but in the hope that his sufferings, the example you make of him will deter others from doing what he has done. You do not punish the habitual criminal prophylactically, or in any real sense. You merely say "You are unassimilable and a recurring danger to society. We must cage you." In the former case it is truly prophylactic punishment and of a peculiarly hard and unjustifiable kind: in the latter case it is not punishment at all. The crucial difficulty confronts us when we have to consider questionable cases. As the verdict of science can hardly hope to attain apodeictic certitude, there will always be a chance of error. Thus the casual criminal may not display the characteristics of the born criminal with sufficient distinctness to warrant, the Law dealing with him as an irreclaimable. So that it might in practice be found necessary to provide specially for a repetition of crime by one who appeared to be merely a criminal of passion, or opportunity. It is premature yet to discuss ways and means of applying a principle which has to win acceptance. And broadly we still insist, that any real reform in our criminal system will have to proceed on a consistent principle, such as we have foreshadowed, or we shall go muddling along as we are doing now, enmeshed in a number of specious phrases, which fall so glibly and naturally from our tongues, that we do not think about them at all. Already as pointed out above experience points the way. Ninety per cent. of true recidivists, who are perpetually coming before the courts, and getting haphazard sentences, wasting public time and money, would be probably revealed under the stringent tests of science, as born, and incorrigible criminals. As such they would be eliminated once and for all; as it is, they are constantly re-appearing before the courts, and according to the moods of the judges, or their perspicacity, getting all sorts of useless sentences, seldom indeed going the true logical length of complete elimination. It is the opinion of one of the greatest English experts Sir R. Anderson, that were all habituals promptly and finally eliminated, the work of the police, and of the criminal courts would be reduced ninety per cent., while the gain in security to society would be proportionately great.

In this connexion a word or two may profitably be said on the urgent need of standardizing criminal sentences. Supposing Legislatures were prepared to go all the way with our suggested principle, this would become unnecessary; but there must be a long interval before any such revolution can be reasonably expected. In the meanwhile, a most desirable and simple reform deserves the attention of all practical legislators. Keeping awhile to the most effective case, that of recidivists, the existing practice of the courts is plainly obnoxious to the most trenchant attacks. While the Inspector General of Prisons and the Government, both appear to miss the philosophical basis and justification of their demand, it is clear that they are much more right than the judges. Every day all over the country our courts convict habituals, sent up under the special section meant to empower judges to eliminate them finally. Do they do it? It is pretty safe to say that in the High Courts they never do. Occasionally a mofussil judge with truer insight does. Then there is an appeal, and ten chances to one, illogicality triumphs over logic, and the sentence is cut down. Now it ought to be perfectly clear to everyone, and particularly superior judges, that a recidivist, is not being tried for the offence, which merely proves conclusively that he is incorrigible, but that he is being tried for his character, and if found guilty of being unassimilable ought to be ruthlessly eliminated. Not let us repeat ad nauseam as a punishment, not by way of deterring others, but simply because he is shown to be a danger to society, and unfit to live in society. And, speaking, generally, a system like that of the Indian Penal Code which gives judges the widest discretion as to the sentence they will inflict, is theoretically unsound. Half the time of our highest courts of appeal is taken up with altering sentences. Deep down in the heart of every judge of criminal appeal lies, however obscured, the indefeasible conviction, that he knows much better than the judge or magistrate below him, what is a fitting sentence. And all allied with this is a natural clinging to the power which he feels himself able to exercise in the way of meting out "punishment." Nothing, however, ought to be plainer, than that no judge, merely as a judge, is likely to know better, than any other intelligent man what "punishment," best fits the crime. And it is a "reductio ad absurdum" when judges of appeal habitually interfere with sentences imposed by inferior judges and magistrates. We say a "reductio ad absurdum," because this practice entirely ignores the true function of a judge, ascertaining in a judicial manner, whether or not a person accused by society of having done a particular act, has or has not done it. When that question is answered, the judge ought to feel that he is "functus officio," and he ought to be "functus officio." It is not for a judge, it is submitted, but for society to declare what its will is in the way of "punishing" any offence against itself. Lamentable though, in a philosophic sense, this attitude of society may appear to ardent reformers, it is the groundwork and foundation of all criminal law. Too complacently, however, society delegates its proper function, (possibly because it is more than a little ashamed of it) to its judges. So that they are in a position to "punish" a man whom they find to have committed a certain act with almost any degree of severity or lenity. The practical inconvenience and absurdity of this is, that sentences are tinkered with every day, in the most unscientific, happy go lucky spirit, the result as [illegible] as not depending upon the judge's mood of [illegible]nt, and in hardly a single instance referable [illegible]ossibility whatever to sound general

X.

## THE LATE KING.

[illegible] Highness the Thakor Saheb of Gondal has [illegible] the following letter to His Excellency the [illegible]nor of Bombay, dated, Gondal, 15th July :—

"Your Excellency,—I beg to associate myself most cordially with the movement started under your Chairmanship to perpetuate the honoured memory of all-beloved King Edward VII, Emperor of India, who ruled not merely over men but over hearts of men and left an example of what a Sovereign should be. We of this generation scarcely stand in need of a memorial to His late Majesty as the memory of the great and good Emperor is most suitably enshrined in the heart of every son and daughter of India. Still we owe it to those coming after us that something should be done to show them how deeply we in this Presidency loved and revered King Edward whose loss is mourned by the whole world, but by no country more than by India. As my tribute to the memory that I shall always cherish and revere, I beg to enclose a cheque for Rs. 5,000.

## ACCIDENT TO CALCUTTA JOCKEY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 21.

A serious accident befel jockey Beasly on the Calcutta racecourse on Wednesday morning. The injured man was riding the race horse "Ulla" over the hurdles when at the last hurdle the horse is said to have struck the fencing throwing its jockey who sustained such injuries which necessitated his removal to the Presidency General Hospital where he is detained under treatment. Among other injuries the injured man is said to have dislocated the knuckles of both of his hands. His condition, however, is said to be not of a serious nature.

# LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

## HIGH COURT.

### DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE

### Decree Made Absolute.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court yesterday, Edith Catherine Millar nee Simms appeared in person before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Robertson and applied that the decree nisi passed by the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Russell in January last for dissolution of marriage in the suit filed by her against her husband Herbert George Millar be made absolute.

The decree was asked for on the ground of desertion, cruelty and neglect on the part of the defendant. The parties were married in July 1895, and had three children, all of whom were alive. The defendant was last heard of as being in the Burma Police in 1903, after which all trace of him had been lost. Mr. Justice Russell passed a decree in favour of the petitioner with costs and custody of the children. His Lordship had further ordered the defendant to pay to the petitioner Rs. 150 per month for maintenance. Six months having expired after that decree was passed, the present application was made.

His Lordship made the decree absolute and dissolved the petitioner's marriage with the respondent.

### TOBACCO MERCHANT'S CLAIM.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman disposed of the suit filed by Joshi Harjibhoy Mohanji and another against Bai Mathubai and another in which the plaintiff prayed for a decree for Rs. 3,621 with interest and costs. The defendants had a tobacco shop at Duncan Road. The plaintiff's case was that they supplied goods to the defendants of which an account was made up in January 1910, which was signed and acknowledged.

Mr. Rustom D. N. Wadia, appeared for the plaintiffs, and Mr. F. Sorabji Talyerkhan for the defendants.

After recording evidence, his Lordship passed a decree for the plaintiffs with interest and costs.

### DEATH SENTENCE COMMUTED.

On the Appellate Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, the Hon'ble Justice Sir Narayan G. Chandavarkar and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Heaton disposed of the appeal of Khandoo Ganpat, who was convicted of murder by Mr. F. J. Varley, Sessions Judge of Khandesh, and sentenced to death.

Mr. A. G. Sathye, appeared for the accused, while the Government Pleader was for the Crown.

The accused was charged with the murder of his father Ganpat with an axe while Ganpat lay on his bed asleep on the morning of the 31st March last. The evidence against the accused was partly circumstantial and partly confessional. The alleged motive for the murder was that the deceased had kicked the accused on the night before the murder.

Disagreeing with the Assessors, the Sessions Judge convicted the accused and sentenced him to death.

After hearing the arguments, their Lordships confirmed the conviction but commuted the sentence to that of transportation for life.

### GOVERNMENT APPEAL DISMISSED.

On the Appellate Side of the Bombay High Court the Hon'ble Justice Sir Narayan G. Chandavarkar and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Heaton disposed of the Government appeal against the order of acquittal passed by Mr. V.B. Sakhalkar, First Class Magistrate of Chiplun, in the case in which Zilhet Krishnashet Shetye and 11 others were charged with rioting.

Mr. R. M. A. Branson, instructed by Mr. R. W. Desai, appeared for the respondents; the Government Pleader was for the Crown and Mr. P. D. Bhide for the complainant.

The Government appeal was against the order of the acquittal of the first, second, fourth, sixth, seventh, eight and ninth accused. All the accused were charged with rioting during a procession at Chiplun. Some of the accused pleaded an alibi and the Magistrate believed that evidence. With regard to the other accused, according to the Magistrate, the evidence was not sufficient to warrant a conviction.

After hearing the arguments, their Lordships confirmed the Lower Court's order and dismissed the appeal.

### POST OFFICE PROSECUTION.

On the Appellate Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, the Hon'ble Justice Sir Narayan G. Chandavarkar and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Heaton disposed of the appeal of Damoo Munuswami, who was convicted of abstracting a currency note of Rs. 100 from a registered letter in the course of transmission by post by Mr. C. Roper, Sessions Judge of Poona, and sentenced to fifteen months' rigorous imprisonment. The accused who was a van peon abstracted the note which was afterwards found in his pocket by the head sorter. He had also made a confession and considering the evidence before him the Sessions Judge convicted the accused and sentenced him as above stated.

Their Lordships dismissed the appeal.

## POLICE NEWS.

### ATTEMPTED MURDER.

### European Youth Charged.

YESTERDAY, at the Mazagon Police Court, before Mr. P. H. Dastur, Second Presidency Magistrate, Superintendent Myers charged William George Tait, (19), an apprentice in the G. I. P. R. Workshops, with attempting to murder Patrick George Dale, (16), an inmate of the Y. M. C. A. Apprentice Home, Love Lane, Mazagon.

The complaint was that the accused and the injured man lived together in the the Apprentice Home, whence the former was expelled last month. He believed that Dale was instrumental in getting him expelled and since that time they had not been on good terms. Tait, it is alleged, on Wednesday purchased a revolver and 50 rounds of ammunition from a shop in Abdul Rehman Street. He then went to the Bori Bunder Station and waited until midnight for Dale to come out. Tait then offered a lift to Dale who was in the company of another youth named White. After some reluctance the offer was accepted. White and Dale took their seats under the hood, and the accused sat on the small seat opposite. As soon as the gharry had started, Tait and Dale began to exchange high words which continued until the victoria turned into Love Lane, when the accused suddenly drew a loaded revolver and it is stated fired two shots at Dale. One shot lodged in his chest and the other passed through the left arm. On the report of the pistol, White jumped out of the gharry and ran away. Tait, it is alleged, tried to commit suicide by firing two more shots at himself, but failing in his aim, he jumped out of the gharry and went to his uncle's in Nesbit Lane. In the meantime Dale asked the gharry walla to take him to the Apprentice's Home whence he was removed to the hospital. Tait went with his uncle to the Home and stated there that during a quarrel with Dale his pistol went off accidentally and Dale was hurt. Superintendent Meyers arrested him there. As Dale's condition was precarious Mr. Setalvad, Fourth Presidency Magistrate, was requested to take down his deposition and this was done, the accused being remanded.

The revolver has been recovered from an open drain with two full and four empty cartridges in it.

The bullet in Dale's chest had not been located yesterday afternoon and consequently had not been extracted.

### ALLEGED SEDITION.

YESTERDAY, at the Esplanade Police Court, Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, resumed the hearing of the case, in which Mr. F. Vincent, Deputy Commissioner of Police, charged (1) Sadashiv Tambe, author of a Marathi book, called the "Varna Dharma Mimasa," or "A Treatise on Different Religions," (2) Ramji Krishnaji Rane, and (3) Sakhasam Sitaram Vartak, under Sections 124 A and 153A, with sedition and with promoting feelings of enmity between different classes of his Majesty's subjects. Mr. E. F. Nicholson, Public Prosecutor, appeared for the prosecution. Mr. Sathe, pleader, defended the second accused; and Mr. Solomon Moses, solicitor, defended the third accused.

Rajaram, a clerk in the Ganpat Krishnaji Press, cross-examined by Mr. Moses, said that in the pay abstract the third accused's name was entered as manager.

D. P. Vartak, examined by Mr. Moses, said the third accused had studied up to the third Marathi standard.

Mr. Moses, addressing the Court, said that the third accused could not be described as a printer within the meaning of the Printing and Registration of Books Act. According to this Act, the printer was the man who contracted with a publisher to print certain books. His client might have done, what was popularly called, the printer's work, that was setting the matter in type, etc. But that was not the printer contemplated in the Act. Besides, if he had been a printer his client's name would have appeared in the title page of the book as printer. His client was not aware of the contents of the book.

Mr. Nicholson, after dealing with the legal points raised by Mr. Moses, said the evidence showed that the third accused was the manager of the Press and the responsibility for the book coming out of that Press was his.

His Worship remarked that the book consisted of 239 pages. Supposing a book consisted of a thousand pages and these included an objectionable passage or two would that not rebut the presumption that he had read the whole book?

Mr. Nicholson submitted it would weaken but not rebut the presumption.

His Worship then asked the Court interpreter to read the first few pages.

After the interpreter had done this, his Worship said he would examine Mr. Oke to ascertain whether the general tenour of the book was such as would have given the third accused an idea that the book contained seditious passages.

His Worship: Are there any allusions up to page 56 which refer to any particular race or class?

Witness: No; I do not think there are.

Mr. Nicholson: Are there any other passages, besides those put in, which are seditious?

Witness: No.

Mr. Nicholson then examined the witness to show that the book included passages containing innendoes against the Government.

Further hearing was adjourned.

### POSSESSING COCAINE WITHOUT A LICENSE.

YESTERDAY, at the Esplanade Police Court, Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, disposed of the case, in which Inspector Lewis charged Maluk Mia Jaan Mia, a Mahomedan, with being in possession of 2,220 grains of cocaine without a license. Mr. Frank Oliviera, pleader, defended the accused. The facts of the case have already been reported. His Worship convicted the accused. As he had one previous conviction against him, the accused was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 200, or in default, to undergo two months' simple imprisonment.

## PARIS SOCIALIST RIOT.

### Dangerous Elements at Work.

SELDOM, if ever, has the complex aspect of Paris been more strikingly demonstrated than last night, when, writes a Paris correspondent on June 27, police and military were called upon to engage in a hand-to-hand conflict with disorderly Socialists. At the very moment that fashionable Paris was feting the King and Queen of Bulgaria, those who have declared war upon monarchy were engaged in a counter-demonstration against the police. The extraordinary scenes which took place in the Faubourg St. Antoine and again near the Porte de Flandre, when cavalry had to be requisitioned to charge the demonstrators, and the roadway was strewn with wounded, will be better understood when I state that Liabeuf, the young "apache" under sentence of death for the deliberate murder of a policeman is now awaiting the final decision on his fate by President Fallieres. It is not usual to carry out capital sentences whilst royal visitors are within the gates of Paris, and therefore several days have passed in suspense for Liabeuf and his friends. There can be little doubt that the demonstration was intended to influence, not to say terrorise, the mind of the President, but after the turbulent scenes then witnessed there seems just ground for giving a salutary example to the enemies of order and "police hunters," as they call themselves.

The funeral of the workman, Clerc, who was injured—it has never been discovered how or by whom a fortnight ago in a collision between police and strikers, was only the pretext for the demonstration. When, five or six days ago, the man was sent to the hospital, and died after being trepanned, his death was immediately called a "police crime," and the federation to which the deceased belonged issued a notice calling on all "comrades" to be present at the demonstration organised at the Pantain cemetery for the funeral of one "assassinated in a cowardly way by the police." The appeal met with a ready response, and more than 10,000 working men and "apaches" assembled in the Faubourg St. Antoine with red flags and banners—quickly causing all the shops and cafes to put up their shutters. The coffin was covered with wreaths of red flowers and immortelles dyed red, and the dead man's two sons, who are in the army, were in uniform as chief mourners. Nothing, in short, that could excite popular passion and prejudice was left undone. As the procession moved along past a shop where a lock-out had been lately proclaimed the militants broke all the windows and on the police who had not hitherto interferred remonstrating, they were saluted with fire revolver shots, and one of them was slightly wounded. At the next police station they came to the crowd, broke the windows and attacked the police with cries of "Assassins!" "Death to the flics" (police) "Vive la Commune!"

#### MALTREATING THE POLICE.

From this point onward the procession continued to throw stones and break the windows of unpopular employers of labour, and to chase and maltreat every policeman it met. After shooting at one gendarme quietly seated on the roof of a tramcar and forcing him to take refuge in flight, a regular pursuit of every policeman seen was organised. By the time the cemetery was reached, the crowd numbered nearly 20,000, only about a fourth of whom, however, were able to enter. A number of revolutionary Socialist orators then proceeded to deliver speeches at the graveside, appealing to the worst passions of their hearers and conjuring them to revolt against law and order, and resort to the uttermost extremes of violence. The orders given by the authorities being not to intervene except in case of a general riot, these exhortations were permitted to pass, and the police listened impassively to invitations to murder every one of their cloth. It was late before the demonstrators began to disperse, and nine o'clock had struck when they reached Paris again. Here they were met by a strong force of gendarmerie, backed by dragoons and mounted Municipal Guards. MM. Laurent and Touny, chief inspectors of police, summoned the leader to furl their flags, but being greeted with jeer and abuse, they ordered the buglers to sound the "disperse" three times.

The trumpets blared out the signal thrice in rapid succession, were responded to by imprecations and abuse, and then the police charged at a run, followed by the cavalry. The crowd did not attempt to make any resolute stand, and after firing a few revolver shots fled in all directions before the dragoons, who had drawn their sabres and rode backwards and forwards, using the flats of their weapons with little hesitation. Twenty o'clock quiet was restored.

## IN LIGHTER VEIN.

### SMART IDEA.

Some little time ago an Irishman was being shown the enormous saving he could make if he used a certain kind of stove.

"Take this one," said the dealer, "and you will save at least half your coal."

"Begora," was the reply, "then I'll take a couple and save the lot!"

### HE FOLLOWED INSTRUCTIONS.

"Now," said the father, as he and his children sat at supper, "always remember this maxim—'Whatever your hands find to do, do it with all your might.'"

Soon after, a scream was heard under the table, and the father enquired what was the matter with the cat.

"Oh," said little Jim, "It's only me, farder. I found him's tail, and I pulled it wid all my might."

### WHAT TOMMY THOUGHT.

A teacher in a country town is fervidly patriotic. One day, in class, while in a particularly uplifted mood after giving a stirring history lesson, he turned to a pupil, a lad of twelve—

"Now, Tommy," said he impressively, "tell me what you would think if you saw the Union Jack waving proudly over the field of battle.

"I should think," replied Tommy, "that the wind was blowing."

### KNEW ALL ABOUT IT.

He was out with his best girl, and as they strolled into the West-End restaurant he tried to put on an I-do-this-every-evening kind of look.

When they were seated at a table a waiter approached them.

"Will mensiur have a la carte of table d'hote?" he asked.

"Both," said the young man, "and put plenty of gravy on 'em."

### THE FIRST TO ARRIVE.

The mother of three little boys, who had gone to the country to spend Christmas week, had said she would send a shilling to the one who wrote first.

She received the following postcard from the eldest:—

"Dear Mother—I wanted to be the first to write to you, so wrote this before I left home, and will post it when we reach Ilmford. We are all well. Excuse the writing, because you keep coming into the room.—Your loving son, Herbert."

### HE'D EARNED IT.

A certain lawyer was a candidate for municipal honors recently. Whilst out canvassing he knocked at a cottage door, which was opened by a woman.

"Is your husband in, Mrs. Blank?" enquired the lawyer.

"No, sir," was the reply, "but I know what you want. My husband is sure to vote for you, because you got him off for stealing that ham last week."

"No, no; alleged stealing of the ham," corrected the lawyer.

"Alleged, be blowed!" was the woman's smiling answer. "Why, we've got a bit of it left now; lemme give you a sandwich out of it, sir."

### A FALSE START.

It was round No. 17. The two pugilists looked like drawned rats.

The referee held up his hand.

"Them last two rounds don't count!" he announced hoarsely. "The fight will have to start all over again!"

A low growl ran through the vast assembly.

"Wot's the trouble?" roared a fiery-faced individual in the tenth row.

"The trouble is," explained the referee, "that the moving picture man has struck a bad spot in his film, and the pictures are no good. Are you ready up there, professer? All right! Shake hands, boys! On my right we have—"

### QUITE RIGHT.

The minister was addressing the Sunday-school.

"Children, I want to talk to you for a few moments about one of the most wonderful, one of the most important, organs in the whole world," he said. "What is it that throbs away, beats away, never stopping, never ceasing, whether you wake by night or by day, week in and week out, month in and month out, year in and year out, without any volition on your part, hidden away in the depths, as it were, unseen by you, throbbing, throbbing, throbbing, rhythmically all your life long?"

During this pause for oratorical effect a small voice was heard—

"I know. It's the gas meter."

### A DISTINCTION.

The other day a lady, when engaging a new servant, said,

"Remember, Martha, I will have no loafers about the place."

"All right, ma'am," said Martha.

A few days later Martha was wanted, but was at the back gate with a young man.

The mistress said,

"Who was with you?'

"Only my young man," said Martha proudly.

"How dare you disobey my orders? I said plainly no followers allowed."

"Beg pardon, ma'am, but you said loafers, and he's not a loafer—he's a biscuit hand, he is."

### THEIR HONOR.

"Some men," said Andrew Carnegie once "have very queer ideas of honor.

"I was on a long journey in the smoking compartment of a Pullman. There were perhaps six of us in the compartment, smoking and reading.

"All of a sudden a door banged and the conductor's voice cried, 'All tickets, please!'

"Then one of the men in the compartment leaped to his feet, scanned the faces of the rest of us and said slowly and impressively, 'Gentleman I trust to your honor.'

"And he dived under the seat and remained there in a small, silent knot till the conductor was safely gone."

### "AU REVOIR—MONSIEUR."

A French music hall artist, noted both for his sharp temper and his wit, recently had a dispute with a tradesman in a town where he was performing. The tradesman summoned him to appear before the Juge de Paix.

Having called the tradesman a "pig," the actor was ordered to pay a fine of twelve shillings. He turned to the judge, smiling.

"So it's forbidden to call a man a pig?"

"Certainly," replied the judge.

"Is it forbidden to call a pig monsieur?"

"Well," answered the embarrassed judge, "I don't think the law has made any provision for such a case."

"Thank you," replied the actor.

Then, turning to the plaintiff, he bowed very low and said:—

"Au revoir, monsieur."

### LOVE'S TEST.

The perlormaid entered Miss Aniline's dressing-room as that young lady sat before the glass putting on the last few dabs of powder.

"Oh, Miss Aniline," she said, "both them young gents you're engaged to are in the drawing-room, and they seem to have found out as you're been false to both, and is looks as if there's going to be a row."

"Goodness me, Matilda," exclaimed the startled fair one, "whatever shall I do?"

Matilda thought for a moment, and then answered—"I know, miss. I'll go and tell them you're crying your eyes out because your father's lost all his money and you'll know then what the one who stays really loves you, and he will be the one to marry."

Matilda departed and in a short time returned with a blank look on her face.

"Well," enquired the young lady eagerly—"which?"

"Please, miss," returned the maid, "they've both bolted."

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it "will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair" to its original colour without having the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemists for "THE MEXICAN HAIR RENEWER," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere. Wholesale Depot: 83, Farringdon Road, London, England.

## THE LADIES' CORNER.

LARGE HATS.

More than ever large hats are being worn, writes a Paris correspondent, the large shady variety of supple straw or crinoline, which falls well over the face and shades it from the sun. All these hats are simply trimmed with a wreath of roses or perhaps just one or two flowers posed lightly at either side. Long velvet strings are again being used on these large hats, and they are so soft and becoming that it is no wonder. But the hat which is worn almost exclusively for smart occasions by all those who can afford it (and they are so expensive that it is not everybody who can) is the supple Italian straw or Tagal trimmed with masses of ostrich feathers to match the rest of the costume. The feathers have very long silky fronds which droop gracefully over the hat, but there is always one posed upright, and the ends hang either at the back or on the right side. A charming hat which will be worn is of "souris" straw with a huge cascade of curled aigrettes of the same tone covering the whole of it. It is lined with old blue satin. But all these large hats have not quite ousted the quaint little draped toques of satin or lace, with a straight upstanding bunch of feathers as the sole trimming. They are so suitable to piquante young faces that we are bound to see them still for some time to come. Not a few of our Paris actresses have adopted them.

FRILLS.

We have been threatened with frills for a couple of seasons without the threat being carried out. But nevertheless we are to wear them this summer on our embroidery frocks. And very pretty they can be made, too! Here is one which is as dainty as can be. Made of finest white linen, it flows out well over the feet in a fluted skirt cut very tight over the hips. The bodice is trimmed with two long widths of insertion brought over the bust in a fichu, then over the shoulders in a graceful sweep, and fastened lightly on each side so as not to define the waist, and then falling over the skirt to the knees. The skirt is trimmed with three frills of this insertion edged with Valenciennes lace slightly shaped at the top so as to avoid any clumsiness. Under each frill, through the pattern of the insertion, gleams satin bands of palest pink which are sewn on to the skirt quite plain. A large pink rose fastened at the waist puts a smart finishing touch to a frock which could be worn at the races or a garden party by either a young girl or a woman well on into the thirties. Suede, either black or coloured, is the correct thing for day shoes. Of course, when they are coloured they must match the costume, and then the stockings must match exactly. Nothing is more displeasing to the artistic eye than the sight of stockings which are supposed to match being one or even two shades lighter or darker than the shoes. They should be discarded when they lose their colour in the wash. This may sound extravagant, but coloured stockings are an extravagance, and it is well to know this before setting out to buy them.

DAINTY SHOES.

Boots are almost discarded, for when suede shoes are not worn they are replaced, even in rainy weather, by dainty shoes of black varnished leather with black ribbon as laces tied in a large bow on the instep or finished with a fancy buckle. The more stylish of these varnished shoes have four or five narrow straps which cover the instep with tiny little "straps" buckles in the middle of each. They have an insertion of elastic at the sides, so that they can be slipped on and off, for the straps are not made to unfasten. For evening wear the heels are a trifle lower, and the shoe is more luxurious than ever. It is made of all manner of rich materials, with large fancy buckles, often studded with real stones, set in a rosette of ribbon. They must, of course, match the general tone of the toilette. A new style is to veil the satin shoe with Chantilly lace or to have it embroidered in maillettes or small beads.

## BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LT.-COL. R. W. L. DUNLOP, V. D.

Bombay, 22nd July.

549. Lecture—"G" Company—There will be a lecture at the Gymkhana on Monday, 25th instant, at 9-30 p.m. Subject—Outposts. The usual weekly parade will be held on Wednesday morning the 27th instead of Monday 25th, time and place to be fixed at Monday's lecture.

550. Signalling.—Members desirous of attending a Class of Instruction in Signalling will please submit their names to Head Quarters by the 27th instant. Semaphore signalling will commence on 1st proximo.

A. L. CARTWRIGHT, Capt.,
Adjt., B. V. R.

## BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

SQUADRON ORDERS.

BY CAPTAIN H.E.E. PROCTER, A. D. C., COMMANDING.

Bombay, 22nd July.

The British Infantry Bands at Colaba will be available for practice to-morrow Saturday afternoon the 23rd instant, from 4 p.m.

School of Arms in conjunction with "G" Company B V Rifles.

The above Class will be held at the Town Hall, on Tuesday evening next, the 26th instant, from 6 p.m.,

D. W. WILSON, Lieut.,
Actg. Adjt., Bombay Light Horse.

## BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR J. W. HAWES, COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, 22nd July.

The following member having joined is taken on the strength of the corps and posted as follows:—

No. 1317 Gunner F. P. Oliver No 1 Sub-Division No. 1 Company.

119. STRENGTH.

Gunner R.E. Symes having rejoined is posted to No. 1 Sub-Division No. 1 Company.

E. P. CUDLIP, Lieut., R.A.,
Adjutant, B. V. A

NOTICE.

CRICKET.

The following match has been arranged. B.V.A. vs. the Gloucestershire Regiment. On the Oval on Sunday 24th July 1910 at 2-15 p.m.

'VIYELLA'
(Regd.)

FOR GARMENTS MADE AT HOME.

For those who make their garments at home there is no fabric quite the equal of "Viyella." Its soft finish gives comfort to the tenderest skin; it does not shrink, and its texture is just right to provide sufficient warmth without risk of chill.

Be sure you see the "Viyella" label on the selvedge.

Ask your draper to show you the new patterns; if you have any difficulty write for our booklet about "Viyella."

WM. HOLLINS & CO., LTD.,
Spinners, Manufacturers, and
Sole Proprietors of "Viyella,"
44A, Viyella House, Newgate Street,
London, E.C.

## HIGH COURT.—JULY 22.

(Before the Hon Mr Justice DAVAR).

Testamentary Suit.

17-09 Wadia G and Co Bapuji N Vatchaghandy and others vs Ardeshir S Vatchaghandy Shroff D and D.

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

392-09 Tyabji D and Co R D Sathna vs The National Bank of India Ltd Little and Co Part heard.

435-09 Tyabji D and Co D Balchand and another vs G Girdharlal and D Part heard.

276-09 Mulla and M Aishabai vs Haji Umer Haji A Little and Co Matubhoy J and M Part heard.

259-09 Madhowji K and Co Modhibai vs G Damoder asd another Jamshedji R and D

1074-09 Raghaviswa B and N Bhimabai widow vs G Veeram Wadia G and Co.

18-09 Raghavaya B and N Nairvahu alias Gungabai widow vs Shamcooverbai widow and another Shamrao M and H.

979-09 Raghavaya B and N Nairvahu aliss Gangabai widow vs Shamcooverbai widow and another Shamrao M and H.

38-10 Gamanlal H Motichand Manchhasa a firm vs Kunjbehari Ravinarayan and others Captain V.

770-06 Jamshedji R and D Ishvardas Gorakhram the firm vs S Dharorajmal and others Orsigie B and Co.

1144-09 Wadia G and Co M Gordhandas vs B Jamnadass Narandass Madhowji and Bicknell M and R.

236-10 Payne and Co N M Marshall vs J H David, Bicknell M and R.

Testamentary Suits.

5-10 Madhowji K and Co Bhai Kanji Jaram and others vs J Damji and others Edgelow G W and Co.

20-09 Tyabji D and Co B Ruderam and another vs J Dayaram and others Raghavaya B and N

20-10 Madhowji K and C K Premji vs P Jairam Khunderao L and M

41-10 Ardeshir H D and Co Rustomji E Laher vs Jehangir E Laher Edgelow G W and Co.

9-10 Mulla and M Haji Jaffer M H Bachor and other vs Khatoobai widow Mirza and M.

11-10 Little and Co N Ranchordas vs Bai Surajvahu Malvi H M and R.

12-10 Bicknell M and R J Bomaneha vs R Permanand Pestonji R K and Co

Long Causes.

650-08 Bhaisanker K and G The Hope Mills Ld vs Sir Cawasji Jehangir Readymoney Bart and another Mulla and M Daphtary F and D.

(Before the Hon Mr. Justice BEAMAN.)

For Further Directions as to Costs.

138-07 Malvi H M and R J Dhanji vs K Hirji Dickshit D and S.

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

606-08 Jehangir M and G Vinayek vs Waman Shamrao and another Shamrao M and H.

910-09 Malvi H M and R N Gordhanram and others vs Joshi Nurbha Shunker and another, Hiralal and Co.

140-07 Tyabji D and Co Moosa Haji Esaa and others vs Jooma Sale Mahomed and others Kanga and S

550-08 Munchersha and N V Bechardas vs Alarakhia Khan Mahomed.

108-08 Bicknell M and R Salebhoy K Bordawalla vs Tayebhoy Nansaji and others S B Mehta.

884-07 Bicknell M and R Narandas Thakersey Mulji vs Cursetji Jamshedji Unwalla Hiralal and Co Bicknell M and R.

742-08 Bicknell M and R Kaji Ismail bin Kazi Goolam Ally Mahari vs Abdool Miya alias Dadamiya Haji Bhaisanker K and G.

103-08 Tyabji D and Co T Surdarmal and others vs Hariram Savantram Payne and Co.

81-08 Kanga and S Vijibai widow vs Goculdas Madhowji a firm Little and Co.

34-10 Motichand and D Dawoodbhai Jiwajee vs Khatizabai widow and others Jehangir M and S Moti and D.

41-10 Captain and V Rustomjee Eduljee Dadachanjee vs Sulleman Hajee Husein and others Thakurdas and Co.

58-10 Ardeshir H D and Co Aziza Monasah and another vs Monasseh Jacob Monasah and another Little and Co.

45-10 Mehta and D Keshuchand Pragjee vs Abdool Rassool Alibhai the firm Matubhoy J and M.

168-10 Smitham B and Co C Kheraj vs Sha Nathu Bharmal In person.

197-10 S B Mehta N Canji vs C Madhu and another Madhowji K and C Mansookhlal J and H

206-10 S B Mehta J Prema vs P Foosa and others Smitham B and Co.

207-10 Mansookhlal J and H P F Mistry vs F B Billimoria and others Jehangir M and S.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice ROBERTSON).

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

306-10 Payne and Co T Gordhandas vs J C Smith Crawford and Co.

363-10 Crawford B and Co J C Smith vs G Khatao Payne and Co.

734-08 Ardeshir H D and Co Ahmed Karim Mahomed and another vs. Goolam bin Hassan and others Mirza M and M Jehangir G and B.

941-07 Jamshedji E and D K M Kothare vs Mohanlal Poonjabhoy and others Edgelow G W and Co Smitham B and Co.

375-05 Unwalla P J Ratonsay and Co vs A Venkatpatti Dewji and others In person Jehangir M and S.

429-09 N B Vakil Narayen Ramji Chawan and others vs Dinanath Ramji Chawan M and M N B Vakil and another R and D Matu J and M.

73-09 Jamshedji R and D D Khemshad vs D Maranda and another Dickshit D and S.

486-09 Shamrao M and H Bomanji Norowji Karkaria vs Bhawanram Ramchandra Khunderao L and M.

368-08 Bicknell M and R Ramgopal Hiralal and another vs Nathmal Sardarmul and others Raghavaya B and N.

719-C8 Smitham B and Co Herbert Le Gros Sinnaa vs J Caroline Sinnah and another.

675-08 In person Parmanand Motilal vs Girdher Madhowji and others.

914-07 Mulla and M R D Cooper vs Heerji Sons and Co a firm Payne and Co.

167-08 Shroff D and D G Mulji vs S Umersey and others Tyabji D and Co.

304-00 Khunderao L and M Satyabhamabai vs R Narayen and others Little and Co Payne and Co Jehangir M and S.

213-93 Madhowji K and C J Cooverji vs R Khetsey Payne and Co.

710-07 Matubhoy J and M Banibai vs Bai Gulabai widow Madhowji K and Co.

160-09 Thakerdas and Co K Assar Virji vs. The Shri Balaeo Mills Ltd and another Mulla and M.

633-06 Matubhoy J and M The Advocate-General of Bombay vs. D Bhimji and others Daphtary F and D Little and Co Captain and V.

## WEEKLY PLAGUE MORTALITY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 21.

During the week ending 16th July the total plague mortality was 516 against 659 cases. The Bombay Presidency had 153 deaths, Madras 24, Bengal 36, the United Provinces 27, the Punjab 13, Burma 84, the Central Provinces 18, Mysore 41, Hyderabad 3 and Rajputana 161.

FLORILINE:—For the Teeth and Breath.—A few drops of the liquid Floriline, sprinkled on a wet tooth brush, produce a pleasant lather which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a pecul

## BY THE WAY.

### A POPULAR CARTOONIST.

The death of Mr. John James Proctor, the well-known black-and-white artist, reminds us that his father still survives. Mr. John Proctor was a very popular cartoonist, and his "John Bull" was a fine type with which a previous generation grew familiar. Week by week Mr. Proctor, senior, drew political cartoons in the days when Gladstone and Beaconsfield were the chief protagonists. Mr. Proctor used to say how fortunate the cartoonists of the mid-Victorian era were in having the striking physiognomy of Mr. Gladstone and Disraeli to suggest subjects. The late Mr. J. J. Proctor had latterly drawn cartoons in the "Globe." He was fifty years old.

### "THE WILDERNESS."

Among the anthems by Wisley to be sung the Samuel Sebastian Wesley Commemoration service at Westminster Abbey was "The Wilderness," a splendid example of English Church music, which Wesley submitted for the judgment of the adjudicators in the first competition for the Gresham Medal, which was, however, awarded to an anthem by Goss. The adjudicators were not impressed by this now famous composition. The reason given for rejecting the anthem, which has for many years had permanent place in cathedral choir lists, was that it was not cathedral music. For nearly a decade Wesley searched in vain for a publisher who would accept "The Wilderness," and finally printed it at his own expense.

### THE BISHOP AND THE PUGILIST.

When Bishop Goe, whose death is announced, was a curate, a famous pugilist in the parish, who went by the name of Jim the Slogger, and who had never darkened a church door, called at the parsonage, asking him to baptise the baby. Accordingly the bishop repaired to Jim's house, but was surprised, on being admitted, to see Jim lock the door and pocket the key. "Be you the parson come to sprinkle my kid?" he asked. On the bishop assenting he continued, "Yer can't sprinkle that kid till you and me has had a fight, parson." The unfortunate parson protested, but, finding protest useless, "stood up" to Jim. The battle went for the bishop, and Jim, pulling himself from the floor, muttered, "He's the parson for me." The baptism was proceeded with, and, as the story goes, Jim took to church-going from that day.

### COST OF LIVING IN AMERICA.

Complaints continue to be received of the upward tendency of prices in the United States. A report on the trade and commerce of the consular district of Boston for the year 1909, just issued, states that the question of prices is more than ever of great importance, the steady increase in the price of everything that goes to make up the cost of living being the most serious cloud on the economic horizon at the present time. An official comparison has been made of the prices of necessaries with the price of thirteen years ago, which shows increases up to 150 per cent.:

SOME EXAMPLES.

A partial list of articles so compared follows:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Breakfast Bacon, per lb ... | 0 5 | 0 11 |
| Navy beans, per qr ... ... | 0 2 1-2 | 0 4½ |
| Best Elgin butter, per lb... | 1 0 1-2 | 1 7 |
| Purest lard, per lb ..... | 0 3 1-4 | 0 8 |
| Sausages, per lb ..... | 0 5 | 0 9 |
| Irish potatoes, per peck ... | 0 6 | 0 9½ |
| Standard flour, per sack... | 3 11 1-2 | 6 8 |
| Standard flour, per barrel.. | 14 7 | £1 0 10 |

In particular the price of meat has caused great dissatisfaction throughout the country, says the report, the latest development being a crusade against the exorbitant prices by means of a meat boycott. The wholesale price of cattle (live) per cwt. has risen from £1 3s. in 1905 to £1 18s. 6 1-2d. at the close of 1909.

### CAUSES OF THE INCREASE.

The report remarks that the causes of the increase in the prices of all commodities have been variously stated by prominent economists and politicians the principal factors being usually considered to be trusts the tariff the over-production of gold over-spending i. e., waste from buying more than is needed the wholesale desertion of the farms for the cities, and the great increase in money spent in luxuries. In connexion with the foregoing remarks it should be noted, the report continues, that the per capita circulation of money has increased almost without a break from 1896 to the present time. In 1896 it was £4 9s. 3½d., compared with £7 5s. 6 1-2d., in 1909.

### THE ROMANCE OF MISSIONARY ENTERPRISE.

The Rev. Arthur Ward deals in an interesting manner with the romantic story of missionary exploration in the July number of "Travel and Exploration," and in view of the great interest taken in the World's Missionary Conference at Edinburgh this article should be of distinct topical interest. Mr. Ward's article refers mainly to the Moravian Mission, and certainly in the field of geographical research and discovery the Moravian missionaries have taken prominent rank. It is emphatically the pioneer mission. From Labrador to Surinam, from the frozen solitudes of Thibet and the snowy wastes of Alaska to the sun-scorched plains of Queensland, will be found an outpost of the Moravian Mission.

### THE REAL PATHFINDERS.

There are a few great explorers whose names are known to everybody; but the real pathfinders are unknown men—missionaries, adventurers, colonists, hunters, trappers, and native guides. Novelists, from Defoe down to R. L. Stevenson, have gone to them for the raw material of romance; while the serious historian of exploration does not hesitate to acknowledge his indebtedness to the work of the unknown pioneer or obscure adventurer. When Scott does not know what to do with the hero of "St. Ronan's Well," he makes him disappear among the Moravian missionaries.

### WHAT SOME OF THEM HAVE DONE.

Fenimore Cooper's backwoodsmen and Indians know them. M'Clure takes one as interpreter on his expedition in search of Franklin. Another goes with Nordenskjold, and is drowned on his way back to Greenland. Sven Hedin disappears into Thibet from one Moravian mission-station and reappears at another. Stein, returning from his second journey to Central Asia, calls to his aid a Moravian missionary, who crosses several high mountain chains by forced marches, performs a successful operation in difficult circumstances, and carries his patient safely home to Leh. Dillon Wallace, having found the "Long Trail" in Labrador, travels homeward by a chain of Moravian mission-stations for five hundred miles.

### THE GUEST WHO NEVER CAME.

Visitors to Guernsey are sometimes able to see Hauteville, where Victor Hugo, the French poet, lived and died. In this house, the "Sunday at Home" reminds us, is a handsomely furnished room, which was specially prepared by Victor Hugo for Garibaldi, the emancipator of Italy, who had promised to be his guest. Everything which Victor Hugo thought Garibaldi would appreciate was placed in this room. But Garibaldi changed his plans and never visited Hauteville. To-day the room has a pathetic interest, prepared for the guest who never came.

### A SMOKELESS LOCOMOTIVE.

The smokeless locomotive has been invented once more. This time the discovery is reported from Chicago. An example of the new type, burning bituminous coal drew a train of cars the other day from the stockyards a distance of twenty-eight miles without letting off smoke or gas. The trial trip was watched by a number of railway men, who professed themselves satisfied. The general public will hope that this announcement is not too good to be true, and this desire will be intensified in the case of railway shareholders by the report that the new device will save from 35 to 60 per cent. of the normal fuel consumption.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes as bright as a button. It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by medicine dealers everywhere.

## GREEN ROOM GOSSIP.

### "PRISCILLA RUNS AWAY."

The Countess von Arnim's comedy, "Priscilla Runs Away," produced at the Haymarket Theatre will crowd the playhouse for many months to come. It is a pretty comedy, often humorous and sometimes witty, a little over long in parts and unduly farcical in others; but it is almost unceasingly amusing, and there runs through it a pretty touch of sentiment. It is an attractive play—but it does not in itself obtain qualities sufficiently striking to account for the enthusiasm of the first night. That enthusiasm was evoked by Miss Neilson-Terry, the daughter of Mr. Fred Terry and Miss Julia Neilson, who, as Miss Priscilla Carson, only the other day made her first appearance in the Shakespearian revivals at His Majesty's Theatre. Even then, writes a London correspondent, it was recognised that a new "star" had been suddenly born, and on this occasion, the young actress, surely not yet twenty years of age, completed her conquest. Tall and beautiful, Miss Neilson-Terry carried the new play upon her shoulders to final success. Some slight evidences there where of the inexperience and indecision of the novice, but they were very slight, and they were entirely overshadowed by the gaiety, the assurance, and the charm of the youthful artist. Seldom has an actress sprung so suddenly into fame and popularity: the augury of the last night speaks of a splendid career for the youngest representatives of a famous theatrical family. Sometimes Miss Neilson-Terry suggested her aunt, Ellen, sometimes her mother, Miss Julia Neilson (Mrs. Fred Terry)—but only by some reminder of voice and gesture. In all essentials she was herself, a regal radiant, and youthful figure with an astonishing mastery of the technique of her art and a naturalness quite remarkable in one whose career can yet only be numbered by months.

### TRIUMPH OF A YOUNG ACTRESS.

The Princess Priscilla of Lothen-Kunitz runs away rather than enter into the royal alliance planned for her. Trained by the splendid old visionary, Herr Fritzing, the Grand-Ducal librarian, she longs for freedom, to go down into the depths in aid of the poor. And when she discovers that her hand has been promised to her cousin, the Prince of Lucerne, without her consent being asked, she—although, unknown to herself, she really loves the Prince—runs away. Taking old Fritzing by the hand, dragging him unwillingly at her heels, she flies to England, where, as Fraulein Ethel Maria Theresa Neumann-Schultz, she starts out to enact the part of the village Lady Bountiful. She makes a dreadful mess of things. She gets woefully into debt, and hears from the village tradesmen some very hard truths. She has to box the ears of an obstreperous young undergraduate; she almost breaks the heart of the adoring young squire. She is politely insulted by the vicar's wife; sets an old woman upon the road to intemperance by providing her with rum, and by giving the village children tea on Sunday—a tea of revelry and joyousness—she undermines the discipline of the community and earns the opprobrium of the Church—as represented by the vicar's wife—by her absolute oblivion of the tenets of a rigid Sabbatarianism. All this she does with the most alluring innocence. In her attempt to ease the path-way of the poor she calls down upon her devoted head the seathing criticisms of the local labourers who, ignorant of her identity, curse the stupidity of these in high places who seek to help them by trying to come to their level instead of sending help from on top. Dreadfully in debt, the Princess has to endure vulgar dunning, the sneers of the harsh and narrow-minded Mrs. Morrison, the disagreeable attentions of the vicar's son. It is all informed with humour and inventiveness. The gradual growth in the girl's mind of the knowledge that she loves her cousin, and the womanly lack of logic in her anger that, although she ran away from him, he has not made instant efforts to find her, are deftly displayed to us. It is sometimes a little too noisy and obvious, but it is always amusing and now and again sentiment comes uppermost, with a strong, if simple appeal. Of course, the Prince has not deserted her, but has come to England, incognito, and is watching over her. It is his plan to let Priscilla run away. It has been given out in Lothen-Kunitz that Priscilla is very ill; and, in the last act, her father, in despair, is about to declare that she is dead, in order to rid himself of the complications which are growing around him. The first and last acts, in the German Court, are not the happiest of the four, despite much that is laughable in them. The last borders on farce. The audience, however, forgave the too lengthy first and the overdrawn last act, for the pictures of village England which separated them.

### "THE GARDEN OF ALLAH."

Mr. Robert Hichaus, the novelist, has dramatised his fine novel "The Garden of Allah," which should make a powerful, if sombre, play. The figure of the monk who loves, marries, and lives for a little while with his wife in the desert, which Mr. Hichen paints for us so admirably, to return at last to celibacy and the monastery from which he fled to discover the world and love, should prove as intensely emotional on the stage as in print. It should be an alluring character to an actor and that of the heroine, the monk's wife, should be hardly less dominating.

### MISS EDITH WYNNE MATTHISON.

Miss Edith Wynne Matthison is to remain with the New Theatre Company, New York, for another season. After that she will become a "star" in a modern play to be written by her husband, Mr. Charles Rann Kennedy. Miss Matthison emphasised the fact to an interviewer that she is an American now "Mr. Kennedy and I are Americans now," said Miss Matthison. "We hope to remain here and do what we can on the American stage. I think this country has tremendous dramatic possibilities. And many of the new plays which are being written by young American authors are most interesting. Several of those brought out within the last year or two are very strong."

### MR. GORDEN CRAIG.

An interview in a Moscow newspaper with V. S. Nemirovitch Dantchenko, director of the Artistic Theatre of that city, reveals the fact that the director of this famous playhouse is a great admirer of Mr. Gorden Craig, editor of "The Mask," and now known throughout the world as an artistic innovator. "Hamlet" is being put on the stage of the Kondojeftvenij Theatre by C. S. Stanislawsky and Mr. Craig Mr. Nemirovitch tells many interesting things about Mr. Craig's views and work. "First of all," he says, "Craig is quite an exceptional stage director. Generally a stage director always works with an artist—only with an artist. Mr. Craig unites in one person the director and the artist; the stage director, who unveils the spirit of the author, gives a detailed psychological analysis of the parts and detailed characteristics; the artist, who gives the most details designs of scenery, costumes, lighting and make-up—namely, the whole mise-en-scene—everything that is generally done by the stage director together with the artist. Mr. Craig needs only the scene shifters and carpenters to produce the play.

### WORK WITH THE ACTORS.

"There still remains one great portion of the stage director's work—work with the actors. Here Mr. Craig has quite definite views as to the manner and methods which he thinks are needful—beautiful. How he works with actors we shall never know, as both sides speak different languages. Stanislawsky is quite under the fascination of what he calls Craig's genius. Generally the literary and psychological side of each production devolves on me but those few sittings at which I assisted have evoked in me such a confidence in Craig—he illuminates so profoundly, so gracefully, with such taste and nobility the meaning and sense of 'Hamlet'—that I had nothing to do. He is going to produce play as a poetical drama not belonging to any particular epoch, and there is no epoch in 'Hamlet,' where the legend belongs to the ninth century and the idea to the Renaissance. We put the whole theatre at Mr. Craig's disposal." Mr. Craig says that since he became a stage manager he had never dreamed of finding a theatre where an artist could work so freely as in this Moscow theatre. He himself works very hard. "Hamlet" will have only four entr'actes. All the changing of scenes will take place without a curtain before the eyes of the audience. Mr. Craig does not leave anything out, and assures his confreres that the performance will not last long. Mr. Nemirovitch is a man of great literary ability as well as of practical business capacity, and therefore this interview with him as to the coming production of "Hamlet" under the management of Mr. Craig is of especial interest.

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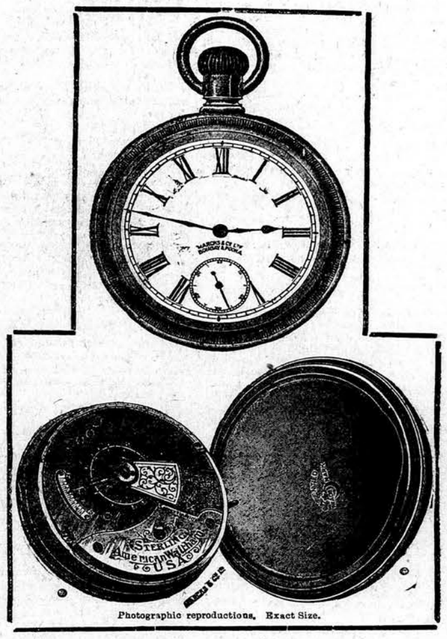
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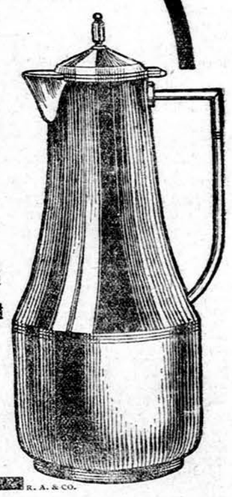
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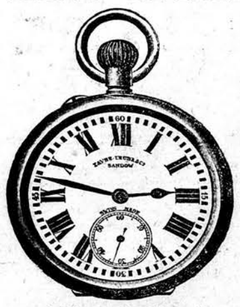

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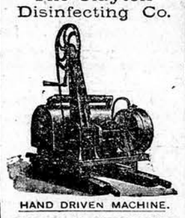

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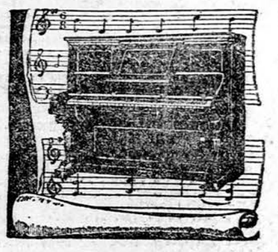

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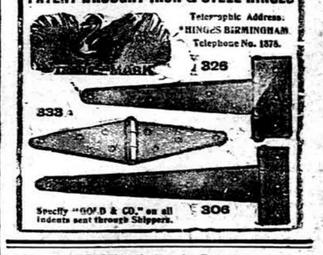


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